

OPTIBAR PC 5060 C Handbook

Pressure transmitter for the measurement of process pressure and level

4...20 mA HART[®] 4...20 mA HART[®] mit SIL-Qualifikation

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1.1 Intended use



DANGER!

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety instructions apply.



CAUTION!

- Any modification to the device, including drilling, sawing, trimming, welding and soldering of parts, or partially painting over or coating, is prohibited.
- Neither is it permitted to use the device as a climbing aid e.g. for installation purposes, as a holder for cables, pipes or other loads.
- The mounting or installation of parts is only permitted as described in this document, or insofar as it has been authorised by the manufacturer or a certified service partner.



CAUTION!

Responsibility for the use of the measuring devices with regard to suitability, intended use and corrosion resistance of the used materials against the measured fluid lies solely with the operator.



INFORMATION!

The manufacturer is not liable for any damage resulting from improper use or use for other than the intended purpose.

The OPTIBAR PC 5060 C process pressure transmitter is suitable for measuring the process pressure and level of gases, vapours and liquids. The available measuring ranges and permitted maximum working pressures for each are indicated on the nameplate. For details refer to *Technical data* on page 66. To observe the intended use, adhere to the following points:

- Observe the instructions in this document.
- Comply with the technical specifications (for further information refer to *Technical data* on page 66).
- Only suitably qualified personnel may install and operate the device.
- Observe the generally accepted standards of good practice.

1.2 SIL-qualification according to IEC 61508

Only for signal converter with SIL-qualification

The Safety Integrity Level (SIL) of an electronic system assesses the reliability of integrated safety functions. To specify safety requirements more accurately, there are several SIL levels according to the IEC 61508 safety standard. The device complies with the requirements of IEC 61508: 2010 (Edition 2). In single channel operation it is qualified to SIL2. In multi-channel architecture with HFT 1, the device can be used in homogenous redundancy to SIL3

1.3 Technical limits

The device was constructed solely for use within the technical limits indicated on the nameplate and in the technical data. Applications outside of these limits are not permitted and could lead to significant risk of accident. For this reason, observe the following limits:

- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure (MWP).
- Do not exceed the indicated permissible operating temperature range.
- The permissible ambient temperatures given may not be exceeded or undershot.
- Observe the ingress protection of the housing during use.

1.4 Permissible mediums

The device is designed to measure the pressure of vaporous, gaseous and liquid media. Prior to using any corrosive or abrasive products, the operator must check the resistance of all materials which are in contact with the product.

1.5 Certification

CE marking

The device fulfils the statutory requirements of the following EC directives:

- EMC Directive 2004/108/EC
- EMC specification acc. to EN 61326/A1

The manufacturer certifies successful testing of the product by applying the CE marking.

Pressure equipment directive (PED)

Devices with a permissible pressure PS \leq 200 bar (20 MPa) comply with Article 3 Section (3) and are not subject to a conformity assessment. These devices were designed and manufactured in accordance with sound engineering practice (SEP).

The CE marking on the device does not apply to the pressure equipment directive.

1.6 Safety instructions from the manufacturer

1.6.1 Copyright and data protection

The contents of this document have been created with great care. Nevertheless, we provide no guarantee that the contents are correct, complete or up-to-date.

The contents and works in this document are subject to copyright. Contributions from third parties are identified as such. Reproduction, processing, dissemination and any type of use beyond what is permitted under copyright requires written authorisation from the respective author and/or the manufacturer.

The manufacturer tries always to observe the copyrights of others, and to draw on works created in-house or works in the public domain.

The collection of personal data (such as names, street addresses or e-mail addresses) in the manufacturer's documents is always on a voluntary basis whenever possible. Whenever feasible, it is always possible to make use of the offerings and services without providing any personal data.

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We hereby expressly prohibit the use of the contact data published as part of our duty to publish an imprint for the purpose of sending us any advertising or informational materials that we have not expressly requested.

1.6.2 Disclaimer

The manufacturer will not be liable for any damage of any kind by using its product, including, but not limited to direct, indirect or incidental and consequential damages.

This disclaimer does not apply in case the manufacturer has acted on purpose or with gross negligence. In the event any applicable law does not allow such limitations on implied warranties or the exclusion of limitation of certain damages, you may, if such law applies to you, not be subject to some or all of the above disclaimer, exclusions or limitations.

Any product purchased from the manufacturer is warranted in accordance with the relevant product documentation and our Terms and Conditions of Sale.

The manufacturer reserves the right to alter the content of its documents, including this disclaimer in any way, at any time, for any reason, without prior notification, and will not be liable in any way for possible consequences of such changes.

1.6.3 Product liability and warranty

The operator shall bear responsibility for the suitability of the device for the specific purpose. The manufacturer accepts no liability for the consequences of misuse by the operator. Improper installation or operation of the devices (systems) will cause the warranty to be void. The respective "Standard Terms and Conditions" which form the basis for the sales contract shall also apply.

1.6.4 Information concerning the documentation

To prevent any injury to the user or damage to the device it is essential that you read the information in this document and observe applicable national standards, safety requirements and accident prevention regulations.

If this document is not in your native language and if you have any problems understanding the text, we advise you to contact your local office for assistance. The manufacturer can not accept responsibility for any damage or injury caused by misunderstanding of the information in this document.

This document is provided to help you establish operating conditions, which will permit safe and efficient use of this device. Special considerations and precautions are also described in the document, which appear in the form of icons as shown below.

1.6.5 Warnings and symbols used

Safety warnings are indicated by the following symbols.



DANGER!

This warning refers to the immediate danger when working with electricity.



DANGER!

This warning refers to the immediate danger of burns caused by heat or hot surfaces.



DANGER!

This warning refers to the immediate danger when using this device in a hazardous atmosphere.



DANGER!

These warnings must be observed without fail. Even partial disregard of this warning can lead to serious health problems and even death. There is also the risk of seriously damaging the device or parts of the operator's plant.



WARNING!

Disregarding this safety warning, even if only in part, poses the risk of serious health problems. There is also the risk of damaging the device or parts of the operator's plant.



CAUTION!

Disregarding these instructions can result in damage to the device or to parts of the operator's plant.



INFORMATION!

These instructions contain important information for the handling of the device.



LEGAL NOTICE!

This note contains information on statutory directives and standards.



HANDLING

This symbol designates all instructions for actions to be carried out by the operator in the specified sequence.

RESULT

This symbol refers to all important consequences of the previous actions.

1.7 Safety instructions for the operator



WARNING!

In general, devices from the manufacturer may only be installed, commissioned, operated and maintained by properly trained and authorized personnel.

This document is provided to help you establish operating conditions, which will permit safe and efficient use of this device.

2.1 Scope of delivery



INFORMATION!

Inspect the packaging carefully for damages or signs of rough handling. Report damage to the carrier and to the local office of the manufacturer.



INFORMATION!

Do a check of the packing list to make sure that you have all the elements given in the order.



INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

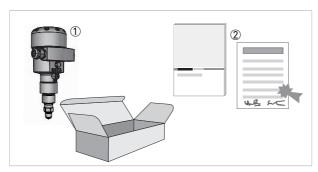


Figure 2-1: Scope of delivery

- ① Device in the version as ordered
- ② Documentation (test reports, factory and material certification (if ordered) and product documentation) For SIL devices only, in addition Safety Manual and device parameters (default and job-related values).

Optional accessories

Gaskets



INFORMATION!

Assembly materials and tools are not part of the delivery. Use the assembly materials and tools in compliance with the applicable occupational health and safety directives.

2.2 Device description

The OPTIBAR PC 5060 C is suited to applications in virtually all areas of industry. It is used to measure the following types of pressure:

- · Gauge pressure
- Absolute pressure
- Vacuum

The setup of the device is carried out via the display and adjustment unit. For further information refer to *Keypad functions* on page 45.

A capacitive ceramic sensor element is used in the measuring cell.

The measuring device is supplied ready for operation. The factory settings for the process data correspond to your order specifications.

For safety reasons do not exceed the measuring range or permissible process pressure. This also applies when, based on the order, a measuring cell is installed with a higher measuring range than the permissible pressure range of the process connection.

Only for signal converter with SIL-qualification

- Nameplate: with SIL logo.
- Scope of delivery: includes Safety Manual and documentation for device parameters.
- Parameterisation: Device status "Function Check" is output during parameterisation, the safety function is disabled.
- Measured value: "Failure" is output for measured values < -20% or > +120% nominal measuring range.
- Current output: Failure mode 20.5 mA cannot be selected
- HART mode: analogue current output is fixed.
- Electronic temperature: "Failure" is output when the temperature values fall outside of the permissible range.
- Diaphragm seals with coatings are partially not permissible.



INFORMATION!

Only for signal converter with SIL-qualification

The necessary measures for use of the device in safety instrumented systems are described in the "Safety Manual". The SIL-functionality may not be disabled by the user or the Service department.

2.2.1 Device design

The following drawing shows the basic components of the pressure transmitter.

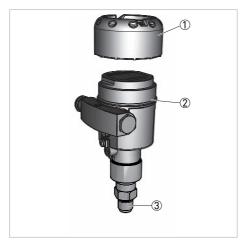


Figure 2-2: Basic components of single chamber pressure transmitter

- ① Housing cover, optional with display and adjustment module below
- 2 Housing with electronics
- ③ Process assembly with measuring cell

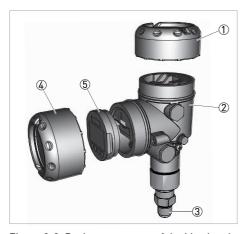


Figure 2-3: Basic components of double chamber pressure transmitter $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

- ① Housing cover
- 2 Housing with electronics
- ③ Process assembly with measuring cell
- $\textcircled{4} \ \ \text{Housing cover, optional with display and adjustment module below}$
- ⑤ Operating and display module

2.3 Nameplates



INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

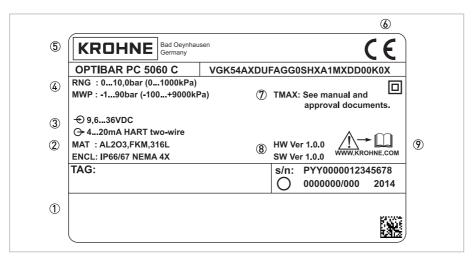


Figure 2-4: Example for nameplate for a OPTIBAR * 5060

- Approvals and approval guidelines
- ② Ingress protection and material of wetted parts (Diaphragm, process connections, gasket and fill fluid)
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \textbf{3} & \textbf{Electronics power supply and signal output} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$
- 4 Nominal range
 - Permissible process pressure
- 5 Product name and type code
- **(6)** CE marking and marking of notified body
- ${ \ensuremath{ rac{7}{3}}}$ Permissible temperature range
- 8 Hardware and Software version
- $\textcircled{9} \ \ \textbf{Observe the installation and operating instructions}$

2.4 Terms and abbreviations

The following terms and abbreviations are used in this document.

URL Upper Range Limit	Upper measuring range limit. Also called nominal range. The highest value that can be measured by a particular device.
LRL Lower Range Limit	Lower measuring range limit. The lowest value that can be measured by a particular device.
URV Upper Range Value	The calibrated measuring range or the highest adjusted measured value. This value corresponds to the 20 mA signal.
LRV Lower Range Value	The calibrated measuring range or the lowest adjusted measured value. This value corresponds to the 4 mA signal.
SPAN Span	Measuring span or measuring range. SPAN = URL – LRL
CAL SPAN Calibrated Span	Calibrated or adjusted measuring span. CAL SPAN = URV – LRV. Also called "cSPAN". This is the span set to the 420 mA output.
TD Turn Down	The ratio from the measuring span to the adjusted measuring span. TD= SPAN/(CAL SPAN) = $(+URL)/(CAL SPAN)$ The following applies: $URV \le URL$, $CAL SPAN \le SPAN$, $TD \ge 1$

Example for TD Turn Down	
LRL = 0 bar URL = 3 bar / 43.5 psi	SPAN = 3 bar / 43.5 psi
URV = 2 bar / 29 psi LRV = 0.5 bar / 7.25 psi	CAL SPAN = 1.5 bar / 21.75 psi TD = 2:1

2.5 Sealing concept

2.5.1 Sealing concept for recessed installation

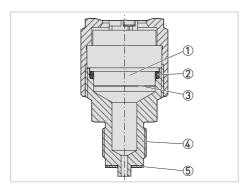


Figure 2-5: Recessed installation of the CERTEC® measuring cell

- ① Measuring cell
- ② Measuring cell seal
- ③ Process diaphragm
- 4 Process connection
- (5) Seal for the process connection (optional)

2.5.2 Sealing concept for flush mounted installation with single seal

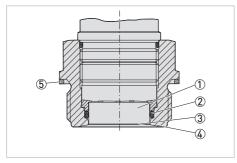


Figure 2-6: Flush mounted installation of the $\mathsf{CERTEC}^{\circledR}$ measuring cell

- ① Measuring cell
- ② Measuring cell seal
- ③ Process diaphragm
- 4 Process connection
- Seal for the process connection (optional)

2.5.3 Sealing concept for flush mounted installation with double seal

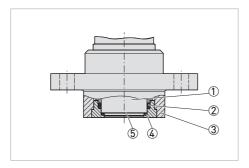


Figure 2-7: Flush mounted installation of the $\mathsf{CERTEC}^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}}$ measuring cell with double seal

- Measuring cell
 Measuring cell seal
- 3 Process connection
- 4 Additional front measuring cell seal
- (5) Process diaphragm

2.5.4 Sealing concept for hygienic installation

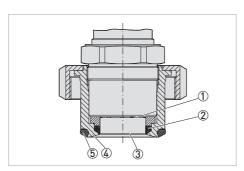


Figure 2-8: Hygienic installation of the CERTEC® measuring cell

- Measuring cell
- ② Measuring cell moulded seal
- ③ Process diaphragm
- 4 Process connection
- ⑤ Gap-free seal for process connection

2.6 Venting

The ventilation for the electronics housing is assured via a filter element in the vicinity of the cable glands, which is permeable to air but moisture-blocking.



CAUTION!

In order to ensure effective ventilation, the filter element must be always free of deposits.



CAUTION!

Do not use a high-pressure cleaner to clean the housing. The filter element may become damaged and as a result moisture can penetrate into the housing. The exception to this is the IP69K single chamber housing.

All measuring cells are fully welded and therefore require no additional elastomer seals. Depending on the process connection chosen, additional seals may be necessary.

2.7 Functional Safety (SIL)

2.7.1 Objective

In the event of dangerous failures, process facilities and machines can lead to risks for personnel, the environment and materials. The risk of such failures must be assessed by the plant operator. Depending on that assessment, measures to reduce risk through fault avoidance, fault detection and fault management are to be taken.

The part of plant safety dependent on the correct function of the safety-related components for risk reduction is known as functional safety. Components used in such safety instrumented systems (SIS) must therefore be able to carry out their intended function (safety function) with a defined high degree of probability.

The safety requirements for such components are described in the international standards IEC 61508 and IEC 61511, which set the standard for uniform and comparable assessment of device, plant and machine safety, thus contributing to worldwide legal compliance. Depending on the degree of risk reduction required, one of four safety levels is chosen, from SIL1 for low risk to SIL4 for extremely high risk (SIL = Safety Integrity Level).

2.7.2 SIL-qualification

When developing devices that can be used in safety instrumented systems, special attention is paid to avoiding systematic faults as well as detecting and eliminating accidental faults.

Below are the most important properties and requirements in terms of functional safety according to IEC 61508 (Edition 2):

- Internal monitoring of safety-relevant circuit components
- Advanced standardisation of software development
- In case of error, transition of safety-relevant outputs to a defined safe state
- Determination of the probability of failure of the defined safety function
- · Reliable parameterisation with an unsafe operating environment
- · Proof tests

SIL-qualification of components is documented in a safety manual. All of the safety-relevant specifications and information that the users and planners need for project planning and for the operation of safety instrumented systems are compiled here. This document is included with each device with SIL-qualification.

2.7.3 Application range

The device can be used, for example, to measure the process pressure and hydrostatic level of liquids in safety instrumented systems (SIS) as per IEC 61508 and IEC 61511. Observe the information in the Safety Manual.

The following inputs/outputs are permitted:

• 4...20 mA current output

2.7.4 Safety concept of configuration



WARNING!

When adjustment is unlocked, the safety function must be classified as unreliable. This applies until configuration has been properly completed. If necessary, you must take other measures to maintain the safety function.



WARNING!

If configuration as described has not been completely and correctly carried out (e.g. premature interruption or power outage), the device remains in an unlocked and thus unsafe state.



WARNING!

Upon resetting to the basic setting, all safety-relevant parameters are reset to factory settings. For this reason, all safety-relevant parameters must be checked or set anew afterwards.

The following equipment is permitted for parameterization of the safety function:

- The integrated display and operating unit for on-site operation
- The DTM suitable for the device in conjunction with frame software according to the FDT/DTM standard, e.g. PACTware

To avoid possible errors during parameter adjustment in unsafe operating environments, a verification procedure is used that allows parameterization errors to be reliably detected. To do this, safety-relevant parameters must be verified after they have been stored in the device. In addition, to protect against unwanted or unauthorised adjustment, the device is locked in normal operating state against any parameter changes. This concept applies both to the operation at the device as well as to PACTware with DTM.

For protection against unwanted or unauthorised adjustment, the set parameters must be protected against unauthorised access. For this reason, the device is shipped in locked condition. The PIN in delivery status is "0000". When shipped with specific parameter settings, the device is accompanied by a list of the values differing from the basic settings.

All safety-relevant parameters must be verified following a change. The parameter settings of the measuring point must be documented. A list of all of the safety-relevant parameters present upon delivery can be found in the "Reset" chapter on page 52. In addition, a list of the safety-relevant parameters can be saved and printed using PACTware/DTM.

The device must be unlocked using a PIN to make any changes to parameters. The status of the device is indicated in the display with the symbol of a locked or unlocked padlock. The PIN in delivery status is "0000".

Any parameter changes made by the operator are automatically saved for verification in the next step.

Following start-up, you must verify the modified parameters (confirm the correctness of the parameters). To do this you must first enter the PIN. Adjustment is then automatically locked. Then you must compare two strings. You must confirm that both strings are identical. This is to check the character display. Then confirm that the serial number of your device has been saved correctly. This checks for proper device communication. Then all of the modified parameters are listed and each must be confirmed. Upon completion of this procedure, the safety function is once again guaranteed.

3.1 General notes on installation



INFORMATION!

Inspect the packaging carefully for damages or signs of rough handling. Report damage to the carrier and to the local office of the manufacturer.



INFORMATION!

Do a check of the packing list to make sure that you have all the elements given in the order.



INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

3.2 Protection category of the housing

The housing of the pressure transmitter fulfills the requirements for ingress protection in accordance with IEC 60529. Housing for protection category IP69K in accordance with ISO 20653 is also available. For further information refer to *Technical data* on page 66.



CAUTION!

The first digit stands for the protection of the inner electronic components against the ingress of foreign bodies including dust. The first digit "6" means that the housing is dust-proof. The second digit designates the protection of the inner electronic components against the ingress of water. The second digit "6" means that the housing is waterproof and also resistant against a strong jet of water. The number "7" means that the housing is waterproof even submersed under water for a given pressure and time. The number "8" means that the housing is permanently waterproof even under water.

3.3 Packaging



CAUTION!

Devices for oxygen applications are sealed in PE foil and provided with a label "Oxygen! Use no Oil". Remove this foil just before mounting the device! After removing the protection for the process connection the label O_2 will be visible on the process connection. Penetration of oil, grease and dirt should be avoided. Danger of explosion!

Your device was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test following ISO 22248. The packaging of standard devices consists of environmentally friendly, recyclable cardboard and PE foil. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

3.4 Storage



CAUTION!

Observe the storage information found on the packaging. Labels on the original packaging must always remain legible and may not be damaged.

- Store the device in a dry and dust-free location.
- Avoid lasting direct exposure to the sun.
- Store the device in the original packaging supplied.
- Do not expose to aggressive media.
- · Avoid mechanical shocks.
- Storage temperature of -40 to +80°C / -40 to +176°F.
- Relative air humidity of 20 to 85%.

3.5 Transport

- Use original packaging for transport and ensure that the packaging does not get crushed or damaged by sharp objects or other boxes.
- Do not throw or drop the device.
- Avoid temperatures below -40°C / -40°F and above +80°C / +176°F.
- When transporting by ship, use seaworthy outer packing.

3.6 Installation specifications



INFORMATION!

Observe the relevant directives, ordinances, standards and accident prevention regulations (e.g. VDE/VDI 3512, DIN 19210, VBG, Elex V, etc.).

Ensure that all of the parts in the process are suitable for the current process conditions. This includes in particular:

- Parts active in the measurement
- Process connection
- · Process seal

Process conditions include in particular:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the media
- Abrasion and mechanical impact

3.7 Installation



CAUTION

- Prior to installing the transmitter, it is essential to verify whether the version of the device on hand completely fulfils the technical and safety requirements of the measuring point. This applies in particular to the measuring range, overpressure resistance, temperature, explosion protection and operating voltage.
- Check the materials used for the wetted parts (e.g. gasket, process connection, separating diaphragm etc.) for suitability as regards process compatibility.

3.7.1 Rotating the housing

The transmitter housing can be rotated 350° for better readability of the display or access to the wiring. A stop prevents the housing from being rotated too far.



- On all 2 chamber housings, the locking screw must be loosened at the neck of the housing.
- The housing can then be rotated to the desired position.
- Once the desired position is reached, tightened the locking screw.

3.7.2 Mounting the display and adjustment module

The optional display and adjustment module can be set in any one of four different positions at 90° intervals. The installation of the adjustment module is carried out as per the illustrations below. To do so, unscrew the housing cover and insert the adjustment module clockwise. The display can be installed rotated at 90°. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

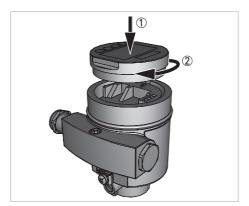


Figure 3-1: Installation in single chamber housing

- ① Insert the display and adjustment module into the housing
- 2 Turn the display and adjustment module clockwise

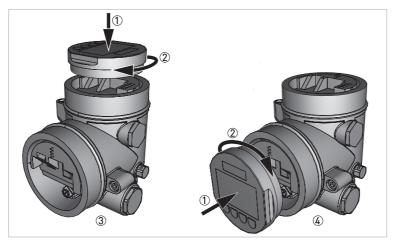


Figure 3-2: Installation in double chamber housing

- 1 Insert the display and adjustment module into the housing
- 2 Turn the display and adjustment module clockwise
- 3 Mounting on top
- Mounting at side

3.7.3 Temperature limits

Higher process temperatures often mean also higher ambient temperatures for electronics and connection cables. Make sure that the upper temperature limits for the environment of the electronics housing and connection cable are not exceeded. For further information refer to *Technical data* on page 66.

3.8 Instructions for oxygen applications

Oxygen and other gases can be explosive when brought into contact with oils, grease and plastics, so the following measures must also be taken:

- All components of the plant, such as e.g. measuring devices must be cleaned according to the requirements of BAM (DIN 19247).
- Depending on the seal material, certain temperatures and pressures must not be exceeded in oxygen applications, refer to *Technical data* on page 66.



CAUTION!

Devices for oxygen applications are sealed in PE foil and provided with a label "Oxygen! Use no Oil". Remove this foil just before mounting the device! After removing the protection for the process connection the label O_2 will be visible on the process connection. Penetration of oil, grease and dirt should be avoided. Danger of explosion!

3.9 Venting



CAUTION!

The filter element causes a delayed pressure equalisation when the housing cover is opened or closed quickly. During the process the measurement can change by up to 15 mbar for up to 5 seconds.



CAUTION!

In order to ensure effective ventilation, the filter element must be always free of deposits.



CAUTION!

Do not use a high-pressure cleaner to clean the housing. The filter element may become damaged and as a result moisture can penetrate into the housing. The exception to this is the IP69K single chamber housing.

The ventilation for the electronics housing is assured via a filter element in the vicinity of the cable glands, which is permeable to air but moisture-blocking.

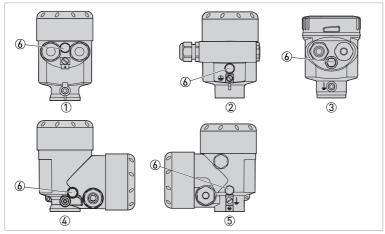


Figure 3-3: Venting in non-Ex, Ex ia and Ex d ia versions

- ${ \textcircled{\scriptsize 1}}$ Single chamber housing, plastic, stainless steel precision casting
- Single chamber housing, aluminium
- 3 Single chamber housing, stainless steel electro-polished
- 4 Double chamber housing, plastic
- 5 Double chamber housing, aluminium
- 6 Filter element

The following devices feature a dummy plug instead of a filter element:

- Devices in the IP 66 / IP 68 (1bar) protection category venting via capillary tube in nondetachable cable.
- Devices with absolute pressure

Devices in Ex d version

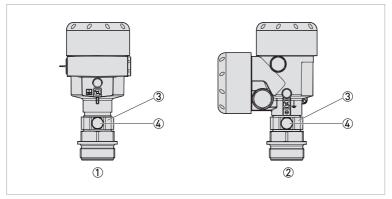


Figure 3-4: Ventilation Ex-housing

- ① Single chamber housing, aluminium and stainless steel precision casting
- 2 Double chamber housing, aluminium and stainless steel precision casting
- 3 Rotating metal ring
- 4 Filter element

The filter element is integrated into the sensor assembly via a rotating metal ring. Align the metal ring downwards to better protect the filter element from deposits. Devices with absolute pressure feature a blind plug instead of a filter element.

Devices with second process barrier

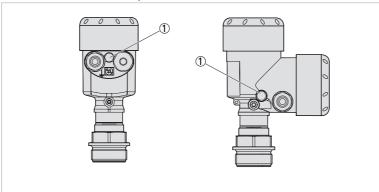


Figure 3-5: Ventilation gas-proof feedthrough

Filter element

For devices with a secondary process barrier, the sensor assembly is completely encapsulated by an additional, gas-proof feedthrough. Additional venting is not required for absolute pressure sensors. With relative pressure sensors, the ambient pressure is measured and compensated by an additional sensor in the electronics.

Devices in IP69K version

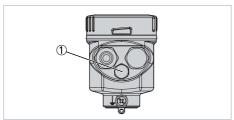


Figure 3-6: Ventilation IP69K

1 Filter element

Devices with absolute pressure feature a blind plug instead of a filter element.

3.10 Measurement setup for measuring the process pressure

The following points should be observed in this application:

• The pressure transmitter must be mounted above the measuring point.

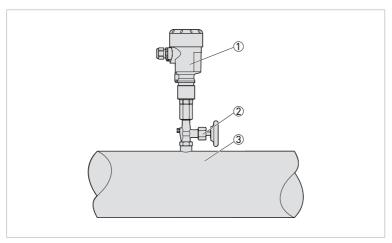


Figure 3-7: Measurement setup for measuring the process pressure of gases

- Pressure transmitter
- 2 Shut-off valve
- 3 Tapping point

3.11 Measurement setup for measuring steam

The following points should be observed in this application:

- The pressure transmitter should be connected via a syphon to protect the measuring cell from non-permitted high temperatures.
- Siphon to be kept free of insulation.
- When using superheated steam, the siphon must be filled with water prior to start-up.

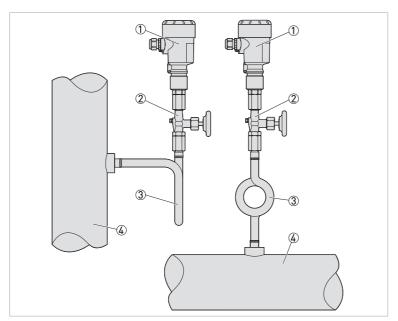


Figure 3-8: Measurement setup for measuring steam

- ① Pressure transmitter
- 2 Shut-off valve
- 3 Syphon
- Tapping point

3.12 Measurement setup for measuring fluids

The following points should be observed in this application:

• The pressure transmitter must be mounted below the measuring point.

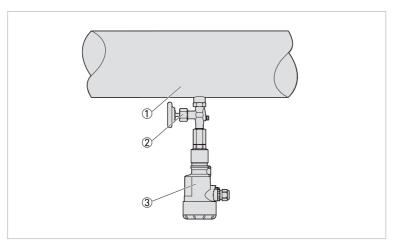


Figure 3-9: Measurement setup for measuring fluids

- 1 Tapping point
- 2 Shut-off valve
- 3 Pressure transmitter

3.13 Measurement setup for level measurement

The following points should be observed in this application:

- The pressure transmitter should be mounted below the lowest level.
- The pressure transmitter should be protected from filling/emptying current and agitator surges when mounted.

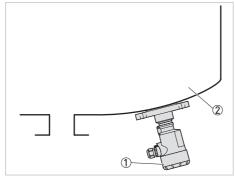


Figure 3-10: Measurement setup for level measurement

- ① Pressure transmitter
- Tank

3.14 External housing

A mounting plate is available as an option to facilitate the mounting of the external housing. For further information refer to *Technical data* on page 66.

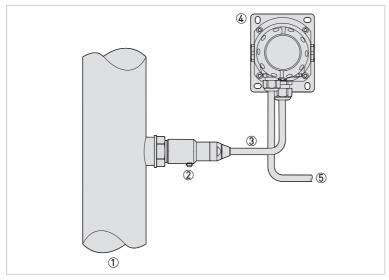


Figure 3-11: Measurement setup with an external housing

- Tapping point
- ② Sensor assembly
- 3 Connecting cable
- External housing
- Signal cable

IP68 version (25 bar)

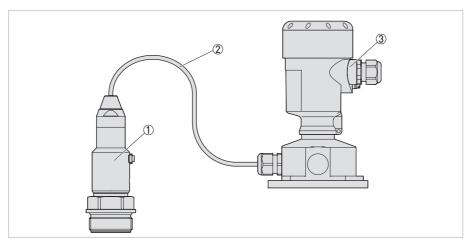


Figure 3-12: Process assembly

- Sensor assembly
- 2 Connection cable
- 3 External housing

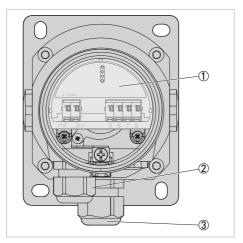


Figure 3-13: External housing (IP68)

- ① Electronic insert
- Cable gland for the power supply Cable gland for the sensor connection cable

4.1 Safety instructions



DANGER!

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!



DANGER!

Observe the national regulations for electrical installations!



WARNING!

Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations. Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.



INFORMATION!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

4.2 Notes for electrical cables



DANGER!

The device must be grounded to a spot in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.



DANGER!

Cables may only be connected when the power is switched off! Since the transmitter has no switch-off elements, overcurrent protection devices, lightning protection and/or energy isolating devices must be provided by the customer.

4.2.1 Requirements for signal cables supplied by the customer

If the signal cable was not ordered, it is to be provided by the customer. The following requirements regarding the electrical specifications of the signal cable must be observed:

Specifications for standard signal cables

- Test voltage: ≥ 500 VAC RMS (750 VDC)
- Temperature range: -40...+105°C / -40...+221°F
- Capacity: ≤ 200 pF/m / 61 pF/ft
- Inductance: $\leq 0.7 \,\mu\text{H/m} / 0.2 \,\mu\text{H/ft}$
- Use cable with round cross section.
- A cable outer diameter of 5...9 mm / 0.2...0.35" ensures the seal effect of the cable gland. If you are using cable with a different diameter or cross-section, exchange the seal or use a suitable cable gland.
- We generally recommend the use of a shielded cable for HART[®] multidrop mode.

4.2.2 Laying electrical cables correctly

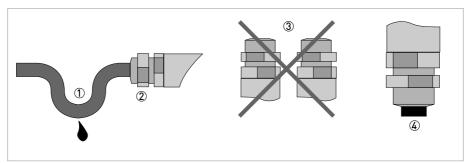


Figure 4-1: Protect housing from dust and water



- ① Lay the cable in a loop just before the housing.
- 2 Tighten the screw connection of the cable entry securely.
- 3 Never mount the housing with the cable entries facing upwards.
- 4 Seal cable entries that are not needed with a plug.

4.2.3 Cable preparation

The device is connected with standard two-wire cable without shielding. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326-1 for industrial areas, a shielded cable should be used.

Check which outer diameter is suitable for the cable gland in order to ensure the sealing effect according to the specified IP protection class.

- 5...9 mm / 0.20...0.35" (standard)
- 6...12 mm / 0.24...0.47" (optional)
- 10...14 mm / 0.40...0.55" (optional)

The terminals in the terminal compartment are designed for wire cross-sections of up to 1.5 mm². To ensure a proper connection, you should strip the cable 40...50 mm / 1.6...2".

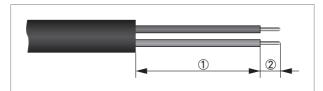


Figure 4-2: Stripping the cable

- ① 40...50 mm / 1.6...2"
- ② 5 mm / 0.2"

4.2.4 Cable entry 1/2-14 NPT (female)

With plastic housings, the NPT cable gland or the conduit steel tube must be screwed without grease into the thread. For further information about max. torque for all housings refer to *Technical data* on page 66.

4.2.5 Connector pin assignment

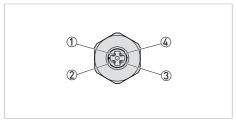


Figure 4-3: Connector M12 x 1, 4-pin

- ① VS+
- 2 Not connected
- 3 Not connected
- 4 VS-

Contact pin	Colour of cable	Electronic insert for terminal
Pin ①	Brown	1
Pin ④	Blue	2

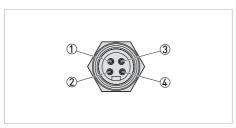


Figure 4-4: 7/8 connector, Foundation Fieldbus (FF)

- ① VS-
- ② VS+
- 3 Not connected
- 4 Cable shield

Contact pin	Colour of cable	Electronic insert for terminal
Pin ①	Blue	1
Pin ②	Brown	2
Pin 4	Green / yellow	Grounding

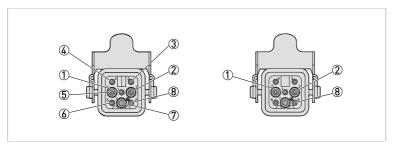


Figure 4-5: Connector, Harting HAN 8D (left) and Harting HAN 7D (right)

- ① VS-
- ② VS+

Contact pin	Colour of cable	Electronic insert for terminal
Pin ①	Black	1
Pin ②	Blue	2
Pin ®	Green / yellow	Grounding

4.2.6 Connection to the power supply

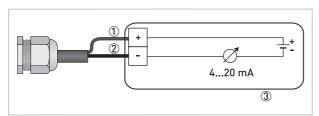


Figure 4-6: Connection to the power supply

- ① Red
- ② Black
- 3 Power supply with load

4.2.7 Cable shield and grounding

If a shielded cable is necessary, connect the cable shield on both ends to the grounding potential.

In the device, the cable shield must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal.

The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the grounding potential with low impedance.



DANGER!

In hazardous areas, the grounding is carried out according to the installation instructions.



CAUTION!

Significant potential differences exist inside galvanization plants as well as on vessels with cathodic corrosion protection. A two-sided shield grounding can cause unacceptably high shield currents as a result.



CAUTION!

The metallic and wetted parts (process connection, cap flange, measuring cell and separating diaphragm etc.) are conductive connected with the inner and outer ground terminal on the housing.

4.3 Electrical connection

The connection of the power supply and the signal output is carried out via spring-loaded terminals in the housing. The display and adjustment module is connected via contact pins with the interface adapter.

4.3.1 Connection in the terminal compartment

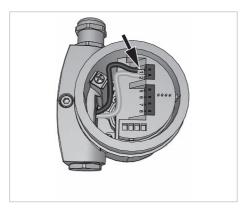


Figure 4-7: Terminal compartment from above



Procedure

- Unscrew the housing cover.
- If present, remove the display and adjustment module by turning it to the left.
- Loosen union nut of the cable gland.
- For preparation of connection cable refer to Cable preparation on page 34.
- Push the cable through the cable gland into the terminal compartment.
- Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan. Flexible cores with cable end sleeves as well as solid cores can be inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores, press the spring terminal with a small screwdriver to open the terminal opening.
- Check the proper hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them.
- Connect the cable shield to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal to the customer/plant equipotential bonding.
- Tighten the union nut of the cable gland. The sealing ring must completely enclose the cable.
- Screw the housing cover back on.

4.3.2 Connection in the housing base (external housing)

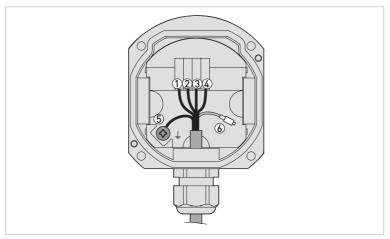


Figure 4-8: Terminal box from front

- 1 Brown
- 2 Blue
- 3 Yellow
- White
- Shielding
- 6 Pressure equalisation capillary



Procedure

- Unscrew the housing cover
- If present, remove the display and adjustment module by turning it to the left
- Loosen union nut of the cable gland
- For preparation of connection cable refer to Cable preparation on page 34
- Push the cable through the cable gland into the terminal compartment
- Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan. Solid cores as well as flexible cores with cable end sleeves can be inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores, press the spring terminal with a small screwdriver to open the terminal opening.
- Check the proper hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- Connect the cable shield to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal to the equipotential bonding
- Tighten the union nut of the cable gland. The sealing ring must completely enclose the cable
- Screw the housing cover back on

4.3.3 Single chamber housing

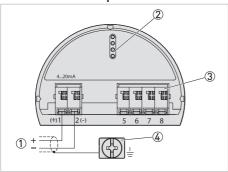


DANGER!

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

The following illustration applies to both the non-Ex as well as the Ex ia, the Ex d and the Ex d ia version.

Electronics compartment



- ① Power supply / signal output
- 2 Interface adapter for the display and adjustment module
- 3 Digital interface
- Ground terminal for connection of the cable shield

4.3.4 Double chamber housing

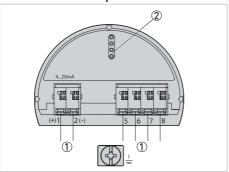


DANGER!

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

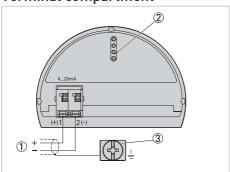
The following illustration applies to both the non-Ex as well as the the Ex ia, and the Ex d version.

Electronics compartment



- ① Internal connection to terminal compartment
- 2 Interface adapter for the display and adjustment module

Terminal compartment



- $\textcircled{1} \ \ \mathsf{Power} \ \mathsf{supply} \, / \, \mathsf{signal} \ \mathsf{output}$
- 2 Interface adapter for the display and adjustment module
- 3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable shield

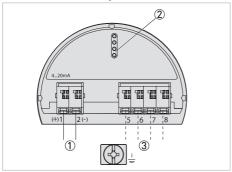
4.3.5 Double chamber housing Ex d ia



DANGER!

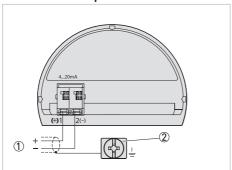
For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.

Electronics compartment



- ① Power supply / signal output
- 2 Interface adapter for the display and adjustment module
- 3 Digital interface

Terminal compartment



- ① Power supply / signal output
- ② Ground terminal for connection of the cable shield

4.4 Grounding the measuring device



WARNING!

Within galvanic plants as well as vessels with cathodic corrosion protection there are considerable potential differences. Considerably equipotential bonding currents can be caused via the cable shield when the shield is grounded on both ends. To avoid this, the cable shield must only be connected to the grounding potential on one side of the control cabinet in such applications. The cable shield must not be connected to the internal ground terminal in the device and the outer ground terminal on the housing not to the equipotential bonding!



CAUTION!

The metallic and wetted parts (process connection, cap flange, measuring cell and separating diaphragm etc.) are conductive connected with the inner and outer ground terminal on the housing.

If a shielded cable is necessary, connect the cable shield on both ends to the grounding potential. In the signal converter, the cable shield must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the equipotential bonding with low impedance. If equipotential bonding currents are expected, the evaluation side must be connected with a ceramic capacitor (e.g. 1 nF, 1500 V). The low frequency equipotential bonding currents are thus suppressed, but the protective effect against high frequency interference signals remains.

4.5 Description of the current output

The current output is a 2-wire 4...20 mA output with a low alarm of 3.6 mA and high alarm of 21 mA set by default. A high frequency HART® signal superimposes this signal. For further information on the current output, refer to *Technical data* on page 66.

5.1 Start-up

The signal converter may only be started up after it has been completely installed and checked by appropriately qualified personnel. Switch on the operating voltage for start-up. Prior to applying the operating voltage, it is essential to check the correctness of the process connection and the electrical connection and ensure that the impulse line has been completely filled with the process medium. Then proceed with start-up.

Prior to applying the operating voltage check that

- 1. the process connection fits properly
- 2. the signal and, if necessary, supply lines are properly connected
- 3. the impulse lines are completely filled with the process medium

After connecting the signal converter to the power supply or after voltage recovery, the device performs a self test for approximately 10 seconds.

Self testing routine

- 1. Internal check of the electronics.
- 2. Indication of the device type, hardware and software version as well as the measurement loop name on the display or PC.
- 3. Indication of a status message on the display or PC.
- 4. Output signal jumps to the set alarm current.
- 5. After that the current measuring value is outputted to the signal cable.

5.2 Operating sequence for SIL devices

Only for signal converters with SIL-qualification

Any change in the parameters of SIL-qualified devices must always take place as follows:

- Unlock adjustment
- Change parameters
- Lock adjustment and verify modified parameters

This ensures that all of the parameters modified were done so deliberately.

Unlock adjustment

The device is shipped in locked condition. To protect against unwanted or unauthorised adjustment, the device is locked against any change in parameters in normal operating state. Prior to any change in parameters you must enter the PIN for the device. The PIN in delivery status is "0000".

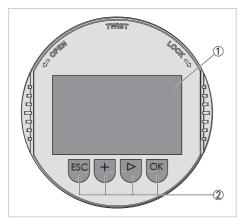
5.3 Keypad functions



INFORMATION!

The device can be configured either via the relevant fieldbus or the adjustment module.

The display and adjustment module is used for indication of measuring values, adjustment and diagnosis.



- LCD display
- 2 Function buttons

The device is operated via the four keys of the display and adjustment module ②. The LC display ① indicates the individual menu items. Approx. 60 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset in the indication of measuring values is triggered. Any values not confirmed with [OK] will not be saved.

[0K]

- · Move back to the menu overview
- Confirm selected menu
- Editing the parameters
- Store value

$[\triangleright]$

- Change measured value
- Select list entry
- Select editing position

[+]

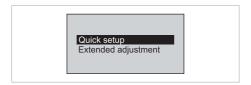
• Change value of the parameter

[ESC]

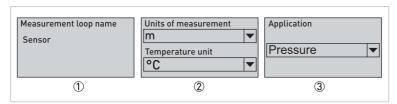
- Cancel entry
- Jump to next higher menu

5.4 Quick set-up

To quickly and easily adapt the device to the application, select the menu item "Quick setup". This parameter adjustment essentially involves the selection of the application, position correction and adjustment of the span.



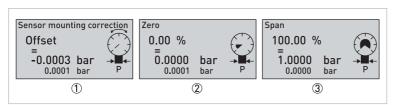
In this chapter, not all settings are displayed graphically but all settings are described.



- 1 Measurement loop name
 - Assign a suitable measurement loop name
- 2 Adjustment units
 - Determine the adjustment and temperature units of the device.
- 3 Application

The selection includes process pressure and level.

Adjustment process pressure



① Sensor mounting correction

In this menu item you compensate the influence of the installation position of the device (offset) on the measured value.

2 Zero

In this menu item you determine the zero point of your measurement (LRV) This value corresponds to the output signal of 4 mA.

③ Span

This value corresponds 100%, or rather an output signal of 20 mA (URV) If the zero point is actually 0, this value corresponds to the measuring span.

Adjustment level



Sensor mounting correction

In this menu item you compensate the influence of the installation position of the device (offset) on the measured value.

② Min.-adjustment

Enter the (pressure) value for the min. level. At 0% this corresponds to the output signal of 4 mA.

3 Max.-adjustment

Enter the (pressure) value for the max. level. At 100% this corresponds to the output signal of 20 mA.

5.5 Extended adjustment

The main menu is divided into five sections:

- Start-up
- Display
- Diagnosis
- · Additional adjustments
- Info

5.5.1 Start-up

Measurement loop name	Assign a unique device ID. This is useful or even necessary in digital systems and for monitoring large systems.	
Application	In this menu item you select the application: process pressure and level are available. The default setting is process pressure.	
Units	In this menu item the adjustment units, as well as the temperature unit are determined. The selection of the adjustment unit determines the unit displayed in the "Min-adjustment" and "Max-adjustment" items. In "Level" mode, it is possible to carry out the adjustment in a height unit (e.g. meters). To do so, the density of the medium must also be specified.	
	Adjustment units	Process pressure mbar, bar, Pa, kPa, MPa, psi, mmH20, mmHg, inH20, inHg and User-defined.
		Level Density input required: mm, cm, m, in and ft
	Temperature unit	°C, °F and K

Sensor mounting correction	The mounting position of the device has a great impact on the measured value (offset), particularly with small measuring ranges and isolating systems. Sensor mounting correction compensates for this offset. The sensor mounting correction can automatically correct the current measured value as a correction value (auto correction). Or, this correction value can be manually input using the "Edit" function. Following sensor mounting correction, the current measured value is corrected to 0. Sensor mounting correction can compensate for a maximum of 20% of the nominal measuring range.			
	Offset		Input in adjustment unit, automatic transfer of the current measured value.	
Adjustment	correspon	nt refers to setting the zero point (zero) and m nd to the values of 4 and 20 mA. If the adjustm parameter limits" is displayed.	naximum measured value (span). These values ent ranges are exceeded, the message	
	Minadju	stment / Zero	Process pressure Zero in %, pressure Level (standard 0%) Min. in X %, pressure or filling height	
	Maxadju	ustment / Span	Process pressure Span in %, pressure Level (standard 100%) Min. in X %, pressure or filling height	
Damping	For the damping of process-dependent measured value fluctuations, you can choose a suitable integration time. The values which can be entered are from 0 999 seconds with an increment of 0.1 seconds.			
	Integration	on time	In 0.1 second increments.	
Linearisation	A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the volume does not increase linearly with the level height, e.g. in a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank, and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. To represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume. By activating the appropriate curve, the volume percentage of the vessel is displayed correctly. Enter the desired parameters using the function buttons and save the entries. Note the following if the pressure transmitter with corresponding approval is used as part of an overfill protection system according WHG (Water Resources Act): If a linearization curve is selected, the measuring signal is no longer linearly proportional to the level. This must be taken into consideration by the user, particularly setting the switching point on the limit signal indicator.		tank, and the indication or output of the are preprogrammed for these vessels. They and vessel volume. By activating the lis displayed correctly. Enter the desired tries. Note the following if the pressure of an overfill protection system according to selected, the measuring signal is no longer to consideration by the user, particularly when	
	Type of linearization		Level Linear, Horiz.cylinder, Sphere and User programmable.	
Current output	In the current output menu, the saturation region for above or below a threshold is set. These thresholds can be set under "Current output min./max.". The factory setting is 3.8 mA and 20.5 mA. This corresponds to the NAMUR recommendation NE 43.			
	Mode	Output characteristic	0100% = 420 mA or 0100% = 204 mA	
		Failure mode	≤ 3.6 mA, ≥ 21 mA, last valid measured value	
	Min. and	Min. current	3.8 mA, 4 mA	
	Max.	Max. current	20.5 mA, 20 mA	
Lock adjustment / Unlock	In this me changes o longer po	enu item, a 4-digit PIN can be activated, which of the settings. With a PIN active, remote acce ssible.	protects against undesirable or unintended ss via software or other systems is also no	
adjustment	Run now			

OPTIBAR PC 5060 C START-UP 5

Only for signal converter with SILqualification Lock adjustment / Unlock adjustment

With this menu item you can protect the sensor parameters from unwanted or unintended changes. To avoid possible errors during parameter adjustment for unsafe operating environments, a verification procedure is used that allows parameterization errors to be reliably detected. Safety-relevant parameters must be verified before they are saved to the device. In addition, the device is protected against any unwanted or unauthorised changes in parameters by being locked in normal operating state.

1. Enter PIN

Start-up - Lock adjustment - Unlock -

The device is shipped in locked condition. The PIN in delivery status is "0000".

2. String comparison

Afterwards you must compare the strings. This is to check the string display. Confirm that the two strings are identical. The verification texts are displayed in German and in English with any other menu language.

3. Serial number confirmation

Then confirm that the serial number of your device has been properly transferred. This checks for proper device communication.

4. Parameter verification

All safety-relevant parameters must be verified following a change:

- SIL parameter 1: Zero adjustment
- SIL parameter 2: Slave in/out
- Non-SIL parameter 1: Display of measured value
- Non-SIL parameter 2: Display value 1, unit of application
- Non-SIL parameter 3: Display value 1, unit of application
- Non-SIL parameter 4: Backlight

Confirm the changed values one after the other

If configuration as described has been completely and correctly carried out, the device is locked and ready to operate.

Otherwise the device remains unlocked and thus in an unsafe state.

As long as the device is supplied with power, the display and adjustment module remain in the momentarily set operating menu. There is no automatic, time-controlled jump back into the display of measured values

5.5.2 Display

Menu language	In this menu item you can set the desired language. Factory settings: English	
	German, English, French, Spanish, Portuguese, Italian, Dutch, Russian, Turkish, Polish and Czech.	
Displayed value 1 and 2		
	"Level"	Filling height or Process pressure (Adjustment units), Percent, Scaled, Current output, Linear percent, Meas. cell temp. and Electronics temperature.
	"Process pressure"	Process pressure, Percent, Scaled, Current output, Linear percent, Meas. cell temp. and Electronics temperature.
Backlight	A backlight on the display is available, which can be turned on or off in this menu. By default, this function is disabled.	
	Off, On	

5.5.3 Diagnosis

Device status	Status signals Check function, Out of Specification, Maintenance required, Failure		
Peak value	The respective minimum and maximum pressure values are stored in the device. Under "Peak values", these values can be viewed or reset. In addition to the pressure, the minimum and maximum values of the sensor cell and the electronics temperature is stored. These can be viewed or reset here.		
	Peak value "Process pressure"	Reset peak value	
Peak value "Meas. cell temp."		Reset peak value	
	Peak value "Electronics temperature"	Reset peak value	
Simulation	In menu item "Simulation", measured values can be simulated via the current output. These ar issued as both analogue and digital (via HART [®]). The simulation is automatically cancelled 60 minutes after the last key stroke.		
	For applications "Process pressure"	Process pressure, Percent, Current output, Linear percent, Meas. cell temp. and Electronics temperature	
	For applications "Level"	Filling height or Process pressure (Adjustment units), Percent, Current output, Linear percent, Meas. cell temp. and Electronics temperature	

5.5.4 Additional adjustments

PIN	In this menu item the P "Setup - Lock adjustme	IN can be changed. This option is only available if it has been enabled under nt". The PIN is "0000" by default factory conditions.
	0000	Change PIN
Date / Time	Internal clock setting	
	Write date, time, data in	n device
Reset	For more information re	efer to <i>Reset</i> on page 52.
	Delivery status and Bas	ic settings
Copy instrument	For more information re	efer to <i>Saving the device settings</i> on page 54.
settings	Copy instrument setting	gs
Special parameters	Changing these settings	s is possible only after consultation with a service employee.
Scaling	mode.	variable" you define the scaling variables and the scaling unit for the level ormat" you define the scaling format on the display and the scaling of the 0% and 100%.
	Scaling variable	Scaling variable
		Scaling unit
	Scaling format	Scaling format
		100% corresponds - user-defined value
		0% corresponds - user-defined value
Current output	In this menu item it is determined which measured variable relates to which current output. Under "Current output - Adjustment", the current output can be assigned a corresponding measured value.	
	Current output variable The selection is	For applications "Level" Filling height or Process pressure (Adjustment units), Percent, Scaled, Linear percent, Meas. cell temp. and Electronics temperature
	limited to linear percent for devices with SIL-qualification.	For applications "Process pressure" Process pressure, Percent, Linear percent, Meas. cell temp. and Electronics temperature
	Current output, adjustment	0% = 0% or 100% = 100%
HART [®] mode	must be assigned a HAF	e HART [®] modes "Analogue current output" and "Fix current (4 mA)". Under to 64 sensors can be operated on a two-wire multidrop mode. Each device RT [®] address between 0 and 63. The analogue signal is fixed at 4 mA. Under ut" on the other hand, in the case of an assigned HART [®] address in multidropal can also be output.
	HART [®] address	063
	Output mode	Analogue current output with HART® or Fix current (4 mA) with HART®
	'	Anatogue current output with HART OF FIX current (4 HIA) With HART

5.5.5 Info

Device name	Device name
	Serial number
Instrument version	Software version
	Hardware version
Factory calibration	Factory calibration date
	Date of last change
Sensor characteristics	Order-related device characteristics

5.6 Reset

The reset function resets specific user entries. There are two reset functions available:

Delivery status

Restore the default values at the time of delivery, including the order-specific settings. A false signal suppression, user programmable linearization curve as well as the measured value memory will be deleted.

Basic settings

Reset the set data, including special parameters to the default values of the manufacturer. A false signal suppression, user programmable linearization curve as well as the measured value memory will be deleted.

The safety-relevant menu items defined as functional safety according to IEC 61508 (Edition 2) are marked with (SIL).

The following menu items are affected during a reset

Menu item	Parameter	Default
Measurement loop name		Sensor
Application (SIL)	Application	Level
Unit	Adjustment units	mbar (cell ≤ 400 mbar) bar (cell ≥ 1 bar)
	Temperature unit	°C
Sensor mounting correction (SIL)		0.00 bar
Adjustment (SIL)	Zero / Minadjustment	0.00 bar - 0.00%
	Span / Maxadjustment	+URL in bar - 100%
Damping (SIL)	Integration time	0.0 seconds
Current output (SIL)	Current output mode	Output characteristic 420 mA Failure mode ≤ 3.6 mA
	Current output variable	Linear percent - Level
	Current output, adjustment	0100% = 204 mA
	Current output min./max.	Min. 3.8 mA Max. 20.5 mA
Lock adjustment (SIL)		Unlock
Simulation		Process pressure
PIN		0000

Menu item	Parameter	Default
Scaling	Scaling variable	Volume in L
	Scaling format	0% = 0 L / 100% = 0 L
HART [®] mode		Address 0

Reset - Display

Menu item	Default value
Language	No reset
Displayed value 1	Pressure
Displayed value 2	Ceramic measuring cell: Measuring cell temperature in °C Metallic measuring cell: Electronics temperature in °C
Backlight	Off

Reset - Diagnosis

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Device status		No reset
Peak value	Pressure	Current measured value
	Temperature	Current temperature values measuring cell, electronics
Simulation	Measuring value	Pressure
	Simulation	Not active
Proof tests		No reset

Reset - Additional settings

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Date / Time		No reset
Reset		No reset
Copy instrument settings		No reset
Scaling	Scaling variable	Volume in l
	Scaling format	0% corresponds 0 l 100% corresponds 0 l No decimal places
Current output 1 (SIL)	Current output - size	Linear percent - Level
	Current output - adjustment	0100% corresponds to 420 mA
Current output 2	Current output - size	Meas. cell temp.
	Current output - adjustment	0100% corresponds to 420 mA
HART [®] mode		Address 0
Special parameters (SIL)		No reset

5.7 Saving the device settings

We recommended noting the parameters and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes. If the signal converter is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the most important data can be read out of the sensor into the display and adjustment module. The data remain there permanently even if the sensor power supply fails. If it is necessary to exchange the signal converter, the display and adjustment module is inserted into the replacement device and the data are written into the signal converter under the menu item "Copy device data".

The following data and settings are saved in the adjustment module:

- All data from the "Set-up" and "Display" menus
- Sensor-specific units
- Temperature unit
- Linearisation
- User programmable linearisation curve

5.8 Diagnosis memory

The device has several internal memories which are available for diagnosis purposes. The data remain even with voltage interruption.

Measured value memory

Up to 60,000 measured values can be stored in a ring memory. Each entry contains a time stamp as well as the respective measured value. Storable values are for example:

- Process pressure
- Level
- Percent value
- Linear percent
- Scaled values
- Meas. cell temp.
- Electronic temperature

With the default factory settings, the measured value memory is active and stores distance, measurement reliability and electronics temperature every minute. The requested values and recording conditions are set via a PC with PACTwareTM/DTM or the control system with EDD.

Event memory

Up to 500 events are automatically stored with a time stamp in the event memory (permanent). Each entry contains the date/time, event type, event description and value. Event types are for example:

- Modification of a parameter
- · Switch on and shut off times
- Status message
- Error Message

The data are read out via a PC with PACTware TM/DTM or the control system with EDD.

5.9 Failures and diagnostics

The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable measures to remove interferences. The pressure transmitter offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. The first measures are to evaluate the error messages, check the output signals as well as the verification of measurement errors.

Asset Management and diagnostics

The device features self-monitoring, diagnostics and VDI/VDE 2650. In addition to the status messages in the following tables there are more detailed error messages available under the menu item "Diagnostics" via the display and adjustment module, PACTwareTM/DTM and EDD.

Status messages

The status messages are divided into the following categories:

• Failure

Due to a malfunction in the device, a failure message is outputted. This status message is always active. It cannot be deactivated by the user.

Check function

The device is in operation, the measured value is temporarily invalid. This status message is inactive by default. It can be activated by the user via PACTwareTM/DTM or EDD.

· Out of specification

The measured value is unstable because the device specification is exceeded. This status message is inactive by default. It can be activated by the user via PACTware TM/DTM or EDD.

Maintenance required

Due to external influences, the device function is limited. The measurement is affected, but the measured value is still valid. Plan in maintenance for the device because a failure is expected in the near future. This status message is inactive by default. It can be activated by the user via PACTwareTM/DTM or EDD.

5.9.1 Error codes

Failure

Code Text message	Cause	Action or description
F013 No measurement value available	No valid measured value available	Overpressure, low pressure, measuring cell defective
F017 Adjustment span too small	Adjustment not within specification	Change adjustment according to the limit values
F025 Error in the linearisation table	Index markers are not continuously rising, for example illogical value pairs	Check linearization table, Delete table/Create new
F36 No operable sensor software	Failed or interrupted software update	Repeat software update Check electronics version Exchange the electronics or send device for repair
F40 Error in the electronics	Hardware defect	Exchange the electronics or send device for repair
F041 Error in the electronics	No connection to sensor electronics	Check connection to sensor electronics (with remote version)
F080	General software error	Disconnect operating voltage briefly
F113 Communication error with the display and adjustment module, operating software PACTware TM disturbed	EMC interference	Remove EMC influences
F125 Impermissible electronics temperature	Temperature of the electronics in the non-specified section	Check ambient temperature Isolate electronics Use device with higher temperature range
F260 Error in the calibration	Error in the calibration carried out in the factory Error in EEPROM	Exchange the electronics Send device for repair
F261 Error in the configuration	Error during setup Error when carrying out a reset	Repeat setup, Repeat reset
F265 Measurement function disturbed	Sensor no longer carries out a measurement	Carry out a reset Disconnect operating voltage briefly
F266 Impermissible operating voltage	Operating voltage is below the specified range	Check electrical connection - if necessary, increase operating voltage

Check function

Code Text message	Cause	Action or description
C700 Simulation active	A simulation is active	Finish simulation Automatic end after 60 minutes

Out of specification

Code Text message	Cause	Action or description
S600 Impermissible electronics temperature	Temperature of the electronics in the non-specified section	Check ambient temperature Isolate electronics Use device with higher temperature range
S603 Impermissible operating voltage	Operating voltage below specified range	Check electrical connection - if necessary, increase operating voltage

Only for signal converter with SIL-qualification

When "Out of specification" is activated, the measured values and electronics temperature are monitored. If the values are outside of the specified range, the following messages are displayed:

- Status message "Failure"
- Fault signal via the current output

Maintenance required

Code Text message	Cause	Action or description
M500 Error with the reset delivery status	Saved reset delivery status is incorrect	Send device for repair
M501 Error in the non-active linearization table	Index markers are not continuously rising, for example illogical value pairs	Check linearization table, Delete table/Create new
M502 Error in the event memory	Hardware error in EEPROM	Exchange the electronics Send device for repair
M504 Error on a device interface	Hardware defect	Check connections Exchange the electronics Send device for repair
M507 Error in the device settings	Error during setup Error when carrying out a reset	Repeat setup, Repeat reset

5.9.2 Check 4...20 mA signal

Connect a multimeter in the suitable measuring range according to the wiring plan.

Error code	Cause	Action or description
420 mA signal is missing	Faulty connection to power supply	Check connection and if necessary correct according to wiring plan
	No power supply	Check cable for breaks; repair if necessary
	Operating voltage too low or load-resistance too high	Check, adapt if necessary
Signal is >22 mA or <3.6 mA	Electronic module or sensor defective	Exchange the device or send device for repair



DANGER

In hazardous area applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.

5.9.3 Error messages via the display and operating module

Error code	Cause	Action or description	
E013	No measurement value available or pressure greater than nominal range	Exchange the device or send device for repair	
E017	Adjustment span too small	Repeat with modified values	
E036	No executable signal converter software	Carry out software update or send device for repair	
E041	Hardware error	Exchange the device or send device for repair	

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described previously may need to be carried out again.

5.9.4 Change electronic insert

In case of a defect, the electronic insert can be exchanged by the user against an identical type. If no electronic insert is available on site, it can be ordered from the respective local sales representative. To order a replacement, the serial number is required. This is located on the nameplate of the device or on the delivery note.



WARNING!

Installation, assembly, start-up and maintenance may only be performed by personnel trained in **explosion protection**. Additional regional standards, safety directives and laws must be observed at all times.

5.9.5 Software update

The following components are required for an update of the device software:

- Sensor
- Power supply
- USB interface adapter
- PC with PACTwareTM
- Software update as file

The latest version of the device software can be found on the manufacturer website. Further information is provided in the software update file.

Certain approvals can be subject to a specific software version. Therefore, when carrying out an update, ensure the approval is retained.

Only for signal converter with SIL-qualification

Ensure that you are using the correct software with SIL-qualification. Devices with SIL-qualification can only be updated with the appropriate software. It is impossible to accidentally update it with the wrong software version.

5.10 Adjustment

The pressure transmitter always measures a pressure, regardless of the process variable selected in the menu item "application". To properly output the selected process variable, there must be an allocation of 0 % and 100 % of the output signal (adjustment). In the case of the "level" application the hydrostatic pressure when the vessel is full and empty, for example, could be entered for adjustment. See the following example:

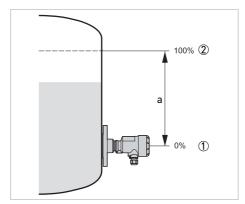


Figure 5-1: Level measurement (a = 5 m / 196,9")

Min. level 0% corresponds to 0 mbar / 0 psi Max. level 100% corresponds to 490.5 mbar / 7.1 psi $\,$

If these values are not known, adjustments can be made with levels of 10 % and 90 % for example. Using these inputs, the actual filling height is then calculated. The current level plays no role in this adjustment, the min/max adjustment is always carried out without changing the product. This means that these settings can be made in advance and the device does not need to be installed.



INFORMATION!

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the value entered is not saved. Editing can be cancelled with [ESC] or corrected to a value within the adjustment range. Adjustment is carried out accordingly for the remaining process variables such as process pressure, differential pressure and flow.

6.1 Replacement



DANGER!

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!



WARNING!

Installation, assembly, start-up and maintenance may only be performed by personnel trained in **explosion protection**. Additional regional standards, safety directives and laws must be observed at all times.



DANGER!

Observe the national regulations for electrical installations!



WARNING!

Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations. Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.



DANGER!

Check whether the ambient air around the signal converter is explosive. Opening the signal converter in an explosive atmosphere may result in ignition and explosion.



CAUTION!

The product may cause the signal converter to become extremely hot. Possible risk of burning. For this reason, promptly shut off the process or isolate the signal converter sufficiently from the product prior to starting work and check that the converter has cooled down to room temperature.

Change electronic insert

In case of a defect, the electronic insert can be exchanged by the user against an identical type. If no electronic insert is available on site, it can be ordered from the respective local sales representative. To order a replacement, the serial number of the signal converter is required. This is located on the nameplate of the device or on the delivery note.

Only for signal converter with SIL-qualification

Only an appropriate electronic insert with SIL-qualification may be used with SIL-qualified devices. All application specific settings must be entered anew. Therefore, after replacing the electronics you must perform the start-up again. If you saved the configuration data from the initial start-up of the sensor, you can transfer that to the replacement electronics insert. In this case it is no longer necessary to perform the start-up again.

6.2 Maintenance

When used correctly, no maintenance is required in normal operation. In some applications, the measurement can be distorted by adhesive media. In this case, suitable measures should be taken to avoid adhesions and especially hardening on the diaphragm surface and in the pressure connection.

6.3 Spare parts availability

The manufacturer adheres to the basic principle that functionally adequate spare parts for each device or each important accessory part will be kept available for a period of 3 years after delivery of the last production run for the device.

This regulation only applies to spare parts which are subject to wear and tear under normal operating conditions.

6.4 Availability of services

The manufacturer offers a range of services to support the customer after expiration of the warranty. These include repair, maintenance, technical support and training.



INFORMATION!

For more precise information, please contact your local sales office.

6.5 Repairs

Repairs may be carried out exclusively by the manufacturer or the manufacturer authorised specialist companies.

6.6 Returning the device to the manufacturer

6.6.1 General information

This device has been carefully manufactured and tested. If installed and operated in accordance with these operating instructions, it will rarely present any problems.



CAUTION!

Should you nevertheless need to return a device for inspection or repair, please pay strict attention to the following points:

- Due to statutory regulations on environmental protection and safeguarding the health and safety of the personnel, the manufacturer may only handle, test and repair returned devices that have been in contact with products without risk to personnel and environment.
- This means that the manufacturer can only service this device if it is accompanied by the following certificate (see next section) confirming that the device is safe to handle.



CAUTION!

If the device has been operated with toxic, caustic, flammable or water-endangering products, you are kindly requested:

- to check and ensure, if necessary by rinsing or neutralising, that all cavities are free from such dangerous substances,
- to enclose a certificate with the device confirming that is safe to handle and stating the product used.

6.6.2 Form (for copying) to accompany a returned device

Company:		Address:
Department:		Name:
Tel. no.:		Fax no.:
Manufacturer's order no. or serial no.:		
The device has been operated with the follo	owing r	medium:
This medium is:	radio	pactive
	wate	er-hazardous
	toxic	
	caus	
		mable
		checked that all cavities in the device are free from such stances.
	We h	nave flushed out and neutralized all cavities in the ce.
We hereby confirm that there is no risk to perform that there is no risk to perform the device when it is returned.	person:	s or the environment through any residual media
Date:		Signature:
Stamp:		

6.7 Disposal



CAUTION

Disposal must be carried out in accordance with legislation applicable in your country.

6.8 Exchange process assembly for IP68 (25 bar) version



DANGER!

For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety instructions apply.



DANGER!

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!

In the case of the IP68 (25 bar) version the user can change the process assembly on site. The connection cable and external housing can be retained.

Required tool:

• Size 2 Allen wrench

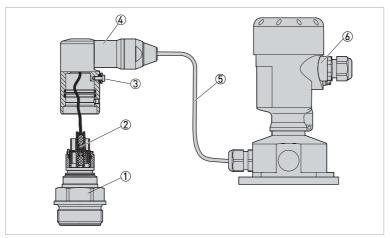


Figure 6-1: IP68 version 25 bar (external housing)

- Process assembly
- Connector
- ③ Fixing screw
- 4 Cable assembly
- 5 Connection cable
- 6 External housing
- 1. Loosen fixing screw with Allen wrench.
- 2. Carefully remove the cable assembly from the process assembly.
- 3. Loosen connector.
- 4. Mount new process assembly on the measuring station.
- 5. Reassemble connector.
- 6. Insert cable assembly on process assembly and rotate to desired position.
- 7. Tighten fixing screw using Allen wrench.

This completes the replacement

7.1 Measuring principle

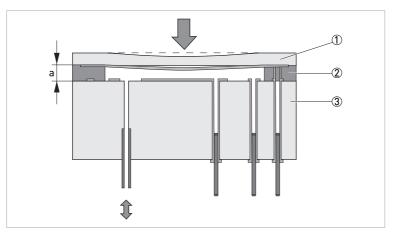


Figure 7-1: Ceramic measuring cell

- ① Diaphragm
- ② Glass solder connection
- 3 Base body

The OPTIBAR PC 5060 C sensor element is the CERTEC[®] measuring cell with robust ceramic diaphragm. The measuring cell is made up of a ceramic base body welded to the equally ceramic diaphragm via a glass solder connection. The base body and the diaphragm are inside the measuring cell, partially coated with gold and passivated against environmental impacts with an extremely thin glass layer. Pressure acting on the measuring cell diaphragm causes a change in capacitance in the measuring cell. This change is evaluated by the sensor electronics and converted into a corresponding output signal by the converter electronics. A temperature sensor behind the diaphragm allows for the additional output of a temperature measurement.

The ceramic measuring cell is available in two designs:

- Diameter 17.5 mm / 0.69" for small process connections and the measuring range 100 bar / 1450 psi.
- Diameter of 28 mm / 1.1" for large process connections and all flange connections.

The measuring cells are configured differently depending on the type of pressure selected:

Gauge pressure: The measuring cell is open to the atmosphere. The ambient pressure is compensated directly in the measuring cell and thus has no influence on the measurement.

Absolute pressure: The measuring cell is evacuated and enclosed. The process pressure is measured in reference to vacuum. Any change in the ambient temperature changes the measured value.

7.2 Technical data



INFORMATION!

- The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local sales office.
- Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website (Downloadcenter).

Measuring system

5 ,		
Measuring principle	Capacitive ceramic measuring cell	
Application range	Process pressure measurementLevel of liquids	
Measuring range	25 mbar100 bar / 0.731450.38 psi	
Display and User interfac	ce	
Display on signal converter	 Dot-matrix display 45x27 mm / 1.77x1.06", illuminated Display turnable in 90° steps Digit size 13x7 mm / 0.51x0.27" Ambient temperatures below -20°C / -4°F may affect the readability of the display 	
Display function	 Display of measured value or derived measured value such as filling height Warning and diagnostic information All parameters are accessible via the operating menu 	
Operating and display languages	German, English, French, Spanish, Portuguese, Italian, Dutch, Russian, Turkish, Polish and Czech	
Operation	Local operation via 4 push buttons on the display and adjustment module	
Remote control	 PACTwareTM, incl. Device Type Manager (DTM) HART[®] Hand Held Communicator from Emerson Process AMS[®] from Emerson Process PDM[®] from Siemens 	
Integrated clock		
Date format	Day / Month / Year	
Time format	12 hours / 24 hours	
Time zone	CET (Factory setting)	
Rate deviation	Maximum 10.5 minutes / year	

Measuring accuracy

Process pressure				
Reference conditions acc. to DIN 61298-1	 Ambient temperature (constant): +15+25°C / +59+77°F Relative humidity (constant): 4575% Ambient pressure (constant): 8601060 mbar / 12.515.4 psi Measuring accuracy according to IEC 61298-2 (terminal based) Curve characteristic: linear Vertical mounting position, measuring diaphragm pointing down Effect of mounting position < 0.2 mbar/20 Pa (0.003 psig) Deviation at current output due to strong, high-frequency electromagnetic fields within the scope of EN 61326 			

Reference accuracy acc. to DIN EN 60770	Includes the non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability under reference conditions. Applies to the digital interfaces (HART [®] , Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as for the analogue 420 mA current output. [% of the set span]			
	Accuracy class	0.05%	0.10%	0.20%
	TD of 1:1 to 5:1	< ±0.05%	< ±0.1%	< ±0.2%
	TD > 5:1	< ±0.01% x TD	< ±0.02% x TD	< ±0.04% x TD
Effect of ambient or medium temperature	Ambient temperature effect on zero and span in relation to the set measuring span. Applies to the digital interfaces (HART®, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as for the analogue 420 mA current output. [% of the set span]			
	Accuracy class	0.05%	0.10%	0.20%
	-400°C / -40+32°F	< ± 0.375% + 0.3	75% x TD	< ± 0.65% + 0.65% x TD
	0+100°C / 32+212°F	< ± 0.075% + 0.0	75% x TD	< ± 0.15% + 0.15% x TD
	+100+130°C / +212+266°F	< ± 0.125% + 0.13	25% x TD	< ± 0.30% + 0.30% x TD
Effect of mounting	A position-dependent zero offs	et can be correcte	d.	
position	≤0.1 mbar per 10° inclination			
Long-term stability acc. to DIN 16086 and IEC 60770-1	Applies to the digital interfaces (HART®, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as for the analogue 420 mA current output. [% of URL] The values indicated are doubled for the measuring range 0+0.025 bar / 0+0.36 psi for the Ø 28 mm / 1.1" measuring cell.			
	Time period	Measuring cell Ø 17.5 mm		Measuring cell Ø 28 mm
	1 years	<0.1% x TD		< ± 0.05% x TD
	5 years	$<0.2\% \times TD$ $< \pm 0.1\% \times TD$ $< 0.4\% \times TD$ $< \pm 0.2\% \times TD$		< ± 0.1% x TD
	10 years			< ± 0.2% x TD
Dynamic output behaviour	These parameters depend on the fill fluid, temperature and, if applicable, the diaphragm seal. For more information refer to <i>Dynamic output behaviour</i> on page 76			
Damping	63% of the input variable 0999 seconds, adjustable in 0.1 second steps.			
Temperature				
The evaluation is made usir	ng the HART [®] output signal.			
Operating temperature / nominal temperature range	-60+150°C / -76+302°F			
Resolution	> 0.2 K			
Accuracy at 0+100°C / +32+212°F	± 2 K			
Accuracy at -600°C / -76+32°F and +100+150°C / +212+302°F	Typ. ± 4 K			

Operating conditions

Temperature			
Version	Ambient temperature		Storage and transport temperature
Standard version	-40+80°C / -40+176°F		-60+80°C / -76+176°F
IP 66 / IP 68 version (1 bar / 14.5 psi)	-20+80°C / -4+176°F		-20+80°C / -4+176°F
IP68 version (25 bar / 362,6 psi), connection cable PUR	-20+80°C / -4+176°F		-20+80°C / -4+176°F
IP68 version (25 bar / 362,6 psi), connection cable PE	-20+60°C / -4+140°F		-20+60°C / -4+140°F
Temperature derating			
Version	Medium temperature	Ambient temper	ature
+130°C / +266°F	+100°C / +212°F +80°C / +176°F		
	+130°C / +266°F +55°C / +131°F		
+150°C / +302°F	+100°C / +212°F	+80°C / +176°F	
	+150°C / +302°F +50°C / +122°F		

Further operating conditions

i di tilei operating cont			
Ingress protection acc. to I	EC 529 / EN 60529		
Plastic (PBT)	Single chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
	Double chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
Aluminium	Single chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
		IP68 (1 bar / 14.5 psi)	-
	Double chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
Stainless steel (electro-	Single chamber	IP69K	-
polished)	Single chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
Stainless steel (precision	Single chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
casting)		IP68 (1 bar / 14.5 psi)	-
	Double chamber	IP66 / IP67	NEMA 6P
Stainless steel	Sensor for external housing IP68 (25 bar / 362.6 psi) -		-
Vibration			·
Reference conditions	Single chamber housing, aluminium		
Vibration resistance acc. to EN 60068-2-6	4 g at 5200 Hz		
Shock resistant according to EN 60068-2- 27	100 g, 6 ms (mechanical shock)		

Materials

Gaskets			
	Standard version	Version with extended temperature range	
FKM (VP2/A)	-20+130°C / -4+266°F		
FKM (A+P 70.16)	-40+130°C / -4+266°F -		
FKM (ET 7056)	-20+130°C / -4+266°F	-	
EPDM (A+P 75.5/KW75F)	-40+130°C / -40+266°F 1h: +140°C / +284°F cleaning temperature	-40+150°C / -40+302°F	
EPDM (ET 7056)	-40+130°C / -40+266°F 1h: +140°C / +284°F cleaning temperature	-	
FFKM (Kalrez [®] 6375)	-20+130°C / -4+266°F	-20+150°C / -4+302°F	
FFKM (Perlast [®] G75S)	-15+130°C / +5+266°F	-15+150°C / +5+302°F	
FFKM (Perlast [®] G75B)	-15+130°C / +5+266°F	-15+150°C / +5+302°F	
FFKM (Chemraz [®] 535)	-30+130°C / -22+266°F	-	
FEPM (Fluoraz® SD890)	-5+130°C / 23+266°F	-	
Wetted parts			
Process connection	316 L / 1.4404, PVDF, Alloy C-22, Alloy C-276, Du	plex 1.4462 and Titan Grade 2.	
Diaphragm	Sapphire ceramic [®] (>99.9% AL ₂ O ₃ ceramic)		
Joining material diaphragm/base body	Glass (non-wetted for double seal and moulded seal)		
Measuring cell seal	FKM (VP2/A, A+P 70.16), EPDM (A+P 75.5/KW75F Perlast [®] G75B)	F), FFKM (Kalrez [®] 6375, Perlast [®] G75S,	
Gasket for process connection (included)	Thread G1/2 (EN 837)	Aramid fibres, bound with NBR	
connection (included)	Thread G1 1/2 (DIN 3852-A)	Aramid fibres, bound with NBR	
	M44 x 1.25 (DIN 13), M30 x 1.5	FKM, FFKM and EPDM	
Materials for food applicati	ons		
Surface quality hygienic con	nnections		
316 L process connection	R _a < 0.8 µm		
Ceramic diaphragm	R _a < 0.7 µm		
Gasket under wall mount plate 316 L with 3A approval	EPDM		
Non-wetted parts			
Electronics housing	Plastic PBT (Polyester), powder coated die-cast	aluminium, 316 L / 1.4404	
External housing	Plastic PBT (polyester) and 316 L / 1.4404		
Base, wall mount external housing	Plastic PBT (polyester) and 316 L / 1.4404		
Gasket between base and wall mount	EPDM (permanently attached)		
Housing cover sealing ring	Silicone (aluminium or plastic housing), NBR (stainless steel housing)		
Inspection window in housing cover (display, adjustment module)	Polycarbonate (UL746-C listed)		
Ground terminal	316 Ti, 316 L / 1.440		

Connecting cable between sensor and external electronics housing for IP 68 (25 bar) version	PE and PUR
Nameplate carrier on connecting cable	PE hard
Connection cable for IP 68 (1 bar) version	PE

Process connection

Thread	from G1/2 and 1/2-14 NPT (female)	
Flanges	from DN 25 (DIN) / 1" (ASME)	
Flanges with extension	from DN 25 (DIN) / 1" (ASME)	
Other connections	ISO 2852 / DIN 32676, DIN 11851, Neumo BioConnect / BioControl, Varivent, DRD, SMS and PMC	
Tightening torques		
Maximum tightening torques for the process connection		
G1/2 and G3/4	30 Nm / 22 ft lb	
G1 and M30 x 1.5	50 Nm / 37 ft lb	
G1 for PASVE	100 Nm / 74 ft lb	
G1 1/2	200 Nm / 147 ft lb	
Maximum tightening torques for screws		
PMC1 and PMC1 1/4	2 Nm / 1.5 ft lb	
PMC1 1/2	5 Nm / 3.7 ft lb	
Maximum tightening torques for NPT cable gland and conduit pipe		
Plastic housing	10 Nm / 7.4 ft lb	
Aluminium housing	50 Nm / 37 ft lb	
Stainless steel housing	50 Nm / 37 ft lb	

Electrical connections

Mechanical - Standard		
Cable gland	M 20 x 1.5 mm	
cable diameter	59 mm / 0.200.35" 612 mm / 0.240.47" 1014 mm / 0.390.55"	
1/2 NPT cable entry	Blind plug: M 20 x 1.5 mm, 1/2-14 NPT	
	Closing cap: M 20 x 1.5 mm, 1/2-14 NPT	
	Connector option: M12 x 1, Harting HAN 7D,8D, 7/8" FF	
Wire cross-section	Solid wire with cords: 0.2 mm2.5 mm ² / AWG 2414	
	Cord with wire end sleeve: 0.2 mm1.5 mm ² / AWG 2416	
Mechanical - IP 66 / IP 68 (1 bar)		
Connection cable		
Construction	Four wires, one pressure compensation capillary, one suspension cable, screen braiding, metal foil and cable jacket	
Wire cross-section	0.5 mm ² / AWG 20	
Wire resistance	< 0.036 Ω/m	
Tensile strength	< 1200 N / 270 lbf	

5 m / 16.40 ft
25 m / 82.02 ft
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
25 mm / 0.98" at 25°C / 77°F
Approx. 8 mm / 0.31"
Non-Ex version: black
Ex version: blue
68 device and external housing
Four wires, one pressure compensation capillary, one suspension cable, screen braiding, metal foil and cable jacket
0.5 mm ² / AWG 20
< 0.036 Ω/m / 0.011 Ω/ft
5 m / 16.40 ft
25 m / 82.02 ft
25 mm / 0.98" at 25°C / 77°F
Approx. 8 mm / 0.31"
Blue
1 x cable gland M20 x 1.5 (cable Ø 59 mm), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5 or
1 x connector (depending on version), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5
2.5 mm ² / AWG 14
Non-Ex device: 9.635 VDC
Ex ia device: 9.630 VDC
Ex d device: 9.635 VDC
Ex ia d device: 1535 VDC
Integrated
for U _n 12 VDC (9.6 < UB < 14 VDC) ≤0.7 V _{eff} (16400 Hz)
for U _n 24 VDC (18 < UB < 35 VDC) ≤1.0 V _{eff} (16400 Hz)
R _{L, max} = (UB-9.6) / 22 mA
Electronics: not electrically isolated
Ground terminal: galvanically connected with process connection
,
III

Inputs and outputs

Output signal		
Output signal	420 mA / HART [®] version 7.3 3.820.5 mA (factory setting acc. to NAMUR recommendation)	
Signal resolution	0.3 μΑ	
Error signal of current output (adjustable)	High alarm ≥ 21 mA Low Alarm ≤ 3.6 mA, last valid measured value	
Max. output current	21.5 mA	
Boot-up current	\leq 10 mA for 5 ms after switching on, then \leq 3.6 mA	
Damping	0999 seconds, adjustable	

Approvals and certificates

CE	The device fulfils the statutory requirements of the EC directives. The manufacturer certifies that these requirements have been met by applying the CE marking.
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	EMC conformity for EN 61326-1 (05/2006)
NAMUR	NE 21 - Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment NE 43 - Signal level for the failure information of digital transmitters NE 53 - Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components NE 107 - Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices
Classification according to Pressure Equipment Directive (PED 97/23/EC)	For gases of fluid group 1 and liquids of fluid group 1, the requirements are fulfilled according to article 3, paragraph 3 (sound engineering practice).

7.3 Pressure ranges

Adjustment

Adjustment range of min/max adjustment in relation to the nominal range:

- Percent value (-10...110%)
- Pressure value (-20...120%)

Adjustment range of the zero / span adjustment in relation to the nominal range

- Zero (-20...+95%)
- Span (-120...+120%)
- Difference between zero and span: max. 120% of the nominal range

Recommended maximum Turn Down (TD): 10:1 (no limit)

Nominal ranges and overload capacity in bar/kPa

This information is provided as an overview and refers to the measuring cell. Limitations due to the material and design of the process connection as well as the type of pressure selected are possible. The information given on the nameplate applies.

Nominal range	Max. working pressure (MWP)	Overload capacity min. pressure
Max. working pressure		
0+0.025 bar / 0+2.5 kPa ①	+5 bar / +500 kPa	-0.05 bar / -5 kPa
0+0.1 bar / 0+10 kPa	+15 bar / +1500 kPa	-0.2 bar / -20 kPa
0+0.4 bar / 0+40 kPa	+30 bar / +3000 kPa	-0.8 bar / -80 kPa
0+1 bar / 0+100 kPa	+35 bar / +3500 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
0+2.5 bar / 0+250 kPa	+50 bar / +5000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
0+10 bar / 0+1000 kPa	+90 bar / +9000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
0+25 bar / 0+2500 kPa	+130 bar / +13000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
0+60 bar / 0+6000 kPa	+200 bar / +20000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
0+100 bar / 0+10000 kPa ②	+200 bar / +20000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-10 bar / -1000 kPa	+35 bar / +3500 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-1+1.5 bar / -100+150 kPa	+40 bar / +4000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-1+10 bar / -100+1000 kPa	+90 bar / +9000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-1+25 bar / -100+2500 kPa	+130 bar / +13000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-1+60 bar / -100+6000 kPa	+200 bar / +20000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-1+100 bar / -100+10000 kPa ②	+200 bar / +20000 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa
-0.05+0.05 bar / -5+5 kPa	+15 bar / +1500 kPa	-0.2 bar / -20 kPa
-0.2+0.2 bar / -20+20 kPa	+20 bar / +2000 kPa	-0.4 bar / -40 kPa
-0.5+0.5 bar / -50+50 kPa	+35 bar / +3500 kPa	-1 bar / -100 kPa

① Only for measuring cell Ø28 mm

² Only for measuring cell Ø17.5 mm

Nominal range	Max. working pressure (MWP)	Overload capacity min. pressure
Absolute pressure		
0+0.1 bar / 0+10 kPa	+15 bar / +1500 kPa	0.8 bar abs.
0+1 bar / 0+100 kPa	+35 bar / +3500 kPa	0 bar abs.
0+2.5 bar / 0+250 kPa	+50 bar / +5000 kPa	O bar abs.
0+10 bar / 0+1000 kPa	+90 bar / +9000 kPa	O bar abs.
0+25 bar / 0+2500 kPa	+130 bar / +13000 kPa	O bar abs.
0+60 bar / 0+6000 kPa	+200 bar / +20000 kPa	0 bar abs.
0+100 bar / 0+10000 kPa ①	+200 bar / +20000 kPa	O bar abs.

 $[\]textcircled{1}$ Only for measuring cell $\ensuremath{\text{\emptyset}} 17.5~\text{mm}$

Nominal range	Max. working pressure (MWP)	Overload capacity min. pressure
Max. working pressure		
0+0.4 psig ①	+ 75 psig	-0.725 psig
0+1.5 psig	+225 psig	-2.90 psig
0+5 psig	+435 psig	-11.60 psig
0+15 psig	+510 psig	-14.51 psig
0+30 psig	+725 psig	-14.51 psig
0+150 psig	+1300 psig	-14.51 psig
0+300 psig	+1900 psig	-14.51 psig
0+900 psig	+2900 psig	-14.51 psig
0+1500 psig ②	+2900 psig	-14.51 psig
-14.50 psig	+510 psig	-14.51 psig
-14.5+20 psig	+580 psig	-14.51 psig
-14.5+150 psig	+1300 psig	-14.51 psig
-14.5+300 psig	+1900 psig	-14.51 psig
-14.5+900 psig	+2900 psig	-14.51 psig
-14.5+15000 psig ②	+2900 psig	-14.51 psig
-0.7+0.7 psig	+225 psig	-2.90 psig
-3+3 psig	+290 psig	-5.80 psig
-7+7 psig	+510 psig	-14.51 psig

 $[\]ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$ Only for measuring cell Ø28 mm

② Only for measuring cell Ø17.5 mm

Nominal range	Max. working pressure (MWP)	Overload capacity min. pressure
Absolute pressure		
01.5 psi	225 psig	0 psi
05 psi	435 psig	0 psi
015 psi	510 psig	0 psi
030 psi	725 psig	0 psi
0150 psi	1300 psig	0 psi
0300 psi	1900 psig	0 psi
0900 psi	2900 psig	0 psi
0+1450 psi ①	2900 psig	0 psi

① Only for measuring cell Ø17.5 mm

7.4 Ambient temperature effect on current output

< 0.05% / 10 K, max. < 0.15%, each case at -40...+80°C / -40...+176°F

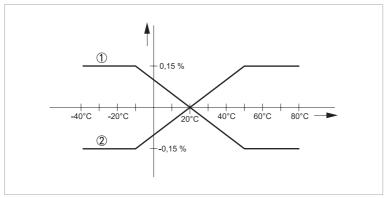


Figure 7-2: Ambient temperature effect on current output

- Talling characteristics
- ② Rising characteristics

7.5 Dynamic output behaviour

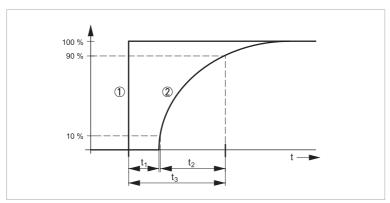


Figure 7-3: Behaviour at an abrupt change in the process variable. t_1 - dead time; t_2 - rise time; t_3 - step response time

- Process variable
- Output signal

Dead time (t1) > 45 ms

Rise time (t2) > 35 ms (10...90%)

Step response time (t3) > 80 ms (ti: 0 seconds, 10...90%)

Damping (63% of input variable) 0...999 seconds, adjustable

These parameters depend on the fill fluid, temperature and, if applicable, the diaphragm seal.

7.6 Dimensions and weights

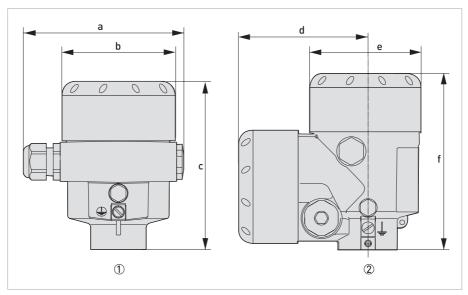


Figure 7-4: Aluminium housing

- Single chamber
- 2 Double chamber

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
а	116	4.57
b	86	3.39
С	116	4.57
d	87	3.43
е	86	3.39
f	120	4.72



INFORMATION!

Housing version	Weight [kg]	Weight [lb]
Single chamber, aluminium	0.83	1.84
Double chamber, aluminium	1.24	2.73

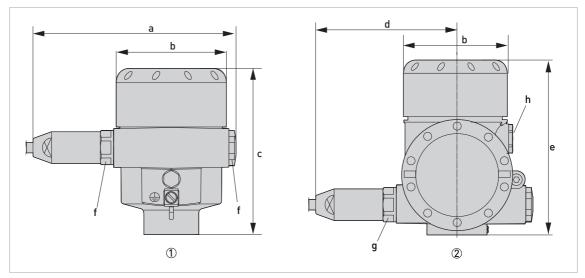


Figure 7-5: Aluminium housing in IP66 / IP68 version (1 bar)

- ① Single chamber
- 2 Double chamber

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
а	150	5.91
b	86	3.39
С	116	4.57
d	105	4.13
е	120	4.72
f	M20 x 1.5	
g	M20 x 1,5 / 1/2-14 NPT	
h	M16 x 1.5	



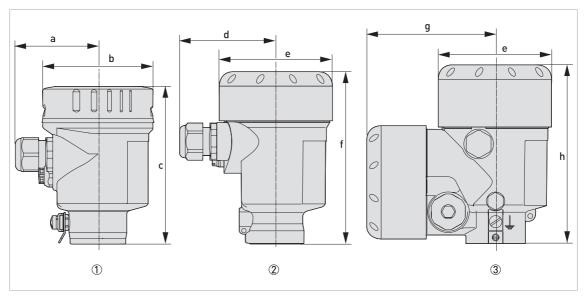


Figure 7-6: Stainless steel housing

- ① Single chamber, stainless steel (electro-polished)
- ② Single chamber, precision casting
- 3 Double chamber, precision casting

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
а	59	2.32
b	80	3.15
С	112	4.41
d	69	2.72
е	79	3.11
f	117	4.61
g	87	3.42
h	79	3.11
i	120	4.72



Housing version	Weight [kg]	Weight [lb]
Single chamber, stainless steel (electro-polished)	0.73	1.61
Single chamber, precision casting	1.31	2.89
Double chamber, precision casting	2.86	6.31

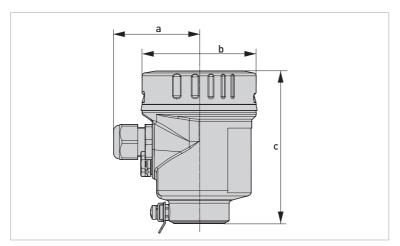


Figure 7-7: Stainless steel (electro-polished) in IP69K version

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
а	59	2.32
b	80	3.15
С	104	4.10



Housing version	Weight [kg]	Weight [lb]
Single chamber, stainless steel (electro-polished)	0.73	1.61

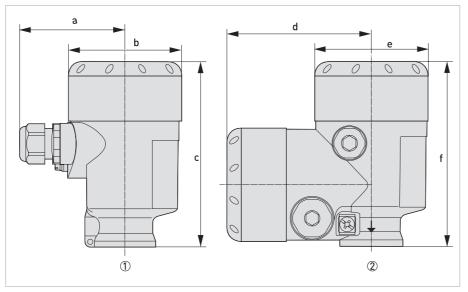


Figure 7-8: Plastic housing

- ① Single chamber
- 2 Double chamber

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
a	69	2.72
b	79	3.11
С	112	4.41
d	84	3.31
е	79	3.11
f	112	4.41



Housing version	Weight [kg]	Weight [lb]
Single chamber, plastic	0.40	0.88
Double chamber, plastic	0.51	1.13

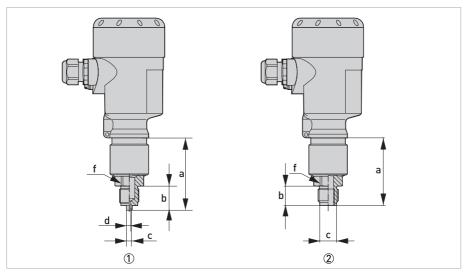


Figure 7-9: Thread not flush

- ① Thread ISO228 G1/2 EN837-1
- ② Thread ISO228 G1/2 G1/4 female DIN3852

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	73	23	6	3	-	WS 27
2	70	20	17.5	-	-	G1/2

Dimension [inch]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	2.87	0.91	0.24	0.12	-	1.06
2	2.76	0.79	0.69	-	-	G1/2



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

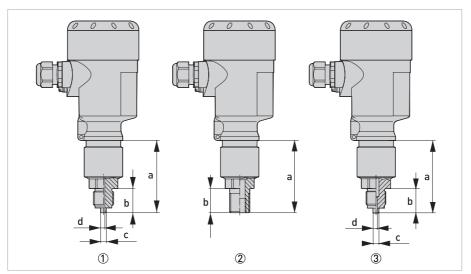


Figure 7-10: Thread not flush

- ① Thread ISO228 G1/2 EN837-1, volume reduced
- ② Thread ANSI 1/2 NPT 1/4 NPT female
- ③ Thread DIN13 M20 x 1.5 EN837-1

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	73	23	6	3	-	-
2	75	15	-	-	-	-
3	75	25	6	3	-	-

Dimension [inch]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	2.87	0.91	0.24	0.12	-	-
2	2.95	0.59	-	-	-	-
3	2.95	0.98	0.24	0.12	-	-



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

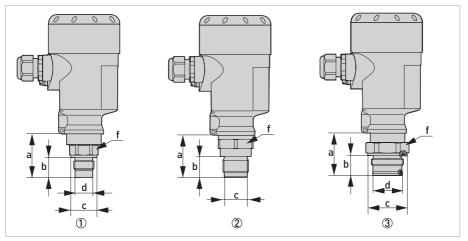


Figure 7-11: Thread flush

- ① Thread ISO228 G1/2 DIN3852, flush
- ② Thread ISO228 G3/4 DIN3852③ Thread ISO228 G1 DIN3852

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	45	21	27	18	-	WS 27
2	44	22	24	-	-	WS 36
3	44	21	40	30	-	WS 41

Dimension [inch]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	1.77	0.83	1.06	0.71	-	1.06
2	1.73	0.87	0.95	-	-	1.42
3	1.73	0.83	1.58	1.18	-	1.61



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

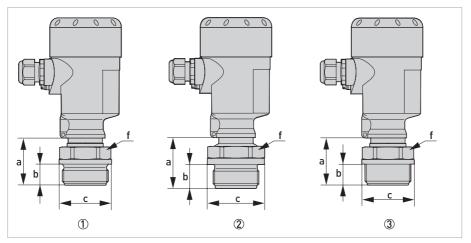


Figure 7-12: Thread flush

- ① Thread ISO228 G1 1/2 DIN3852
- ② Thread ISO G1 1/2 PVDF DIN 3852-A-B
- 3 Thread ANSI 1 1/2 NPT

Dimension [mm]	а	b	С	d	е	f
1	50	22	55	-	-	WS 46
2	50	22	55	-	-	WS 46
3	50	22	55	-	-	WS 46

Dimension [inch]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	1.97	0.87	2.17	-	-	1.81
2	1.97	0.87	2.17	-	-	1.81
3	1.97	0.87	2.17	-	-	1.81



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

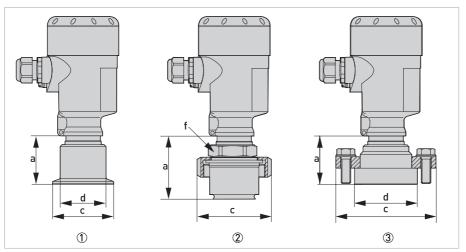


Figure 7-13: Hygienic

- ① Clamp DN50 2" PN16, DIN32676 / ISO2852
- ② Hygienic connection with grooved union nut F40 PN25
- ③ Flange DRD PN40

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	51	-	48	64	-	-
2	60	-	-	78	-	WS 46
3	55	-	66	105	-	-

Dimension [inch]	а	b	С	d	е	f
1	2.01	-	1.89	2.52	-	-
2	2.36	-	-	3.07	-	1.81
3	2.17	-	2.60	4.13	-	-



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

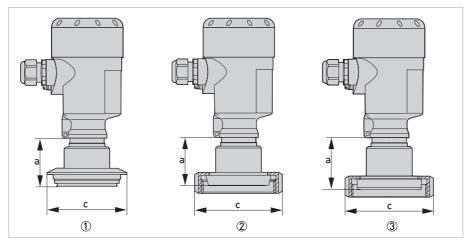


Figure 7-14: Hygienic

- ① Varivent N50-40 PN25, 316 L
- ② Compression fitting DIN11851, DN40 PN40, 316 L
- ③ Compression fitting DIN 11864-1 Form A, DN50 PN 40

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	51	-	84	-	-	-
2	51	-	92	-	-	-
3	50	-	92	-	-	-

Dimension [inch]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	2.01	-	3.31	-	-	-
2	2.01	-	3.62	-	-	-
3	1.97	-	3.62	-	-	-



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

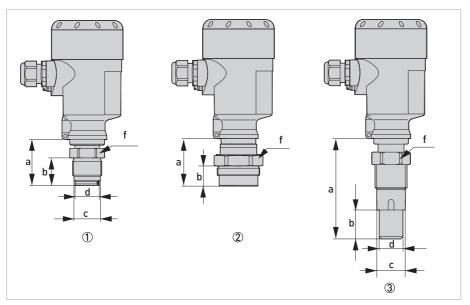


Figure 7-15: Flange with extension

- $\textcircled{1} \ \ \, \text{Thread DIN13 M30x1.5}$
- ② Thread DIN13 M44x1.25, pressure screw
- Thread ISO228 G1, suitable for PASVE

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	48	29	27.4	25	-	M30x1.5
2	52	21	-	-	-	M44x1.25
3	104.8	30	29.3	24.7	-	G1

Dimension [inch]	а	b	С	d	е	f
1	1.89	1.14	1.08	0.98	-	M30x1.5
2	2.05	0.83	-	-	-	M44x1.25
3	4.13	1.18	0.97	0.97	-	G1



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

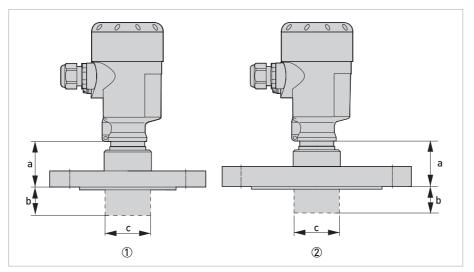


Figure 7-16: Flange with extension

- 1 Flanged connection DN50 PN40 with selectable extension
- ② Flanged connection DN80 PN40 with selectable extension

Dimension [mm]	a	b	С	d	е	f
1	40	30300	3260	-	-	-
2	40	25300	4.890	-	-	-

Dimension [inch]	а	b	С	d	е	f
1	1.58	1.1811.81	1.262.36	-	-	-
2	1.58	0.9811.81	1.893.54	-	-	-



For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".

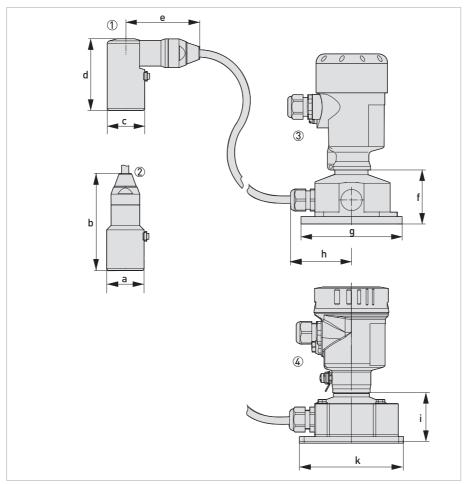


Figure 7-17: External housing

- Cable outlet, lateral
 Cable outlet, axial

- ③ Housing base in plastic④ Housing base in stainless steel

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
а	41.6	1.64
b	108	4.25
С	41.6	1.64
d	80	3.15
е	82	3.23
f	59	2.32
g	110 x 90	4.33 x 3.54
h	66	2.60
i	51	2.01
k	110 x 90	4.33 x 3.54

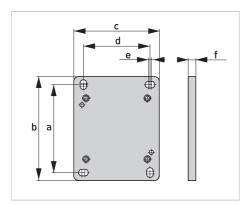


Figure 7-18: Mounting plate

	Dimension [mm]	Dimension [inch]
а	93	3.66
b	110	4.33
С	90	3.54
d	70	2.76
е	3	0.12
f	8	0.31

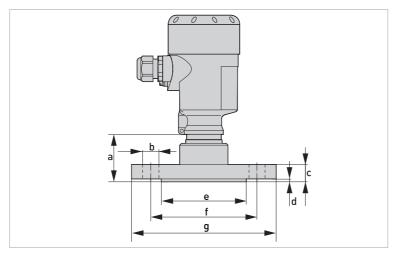


Figure 7-19: Dimensions - Flange

Flange connection acc. to DIN 2501 or ASME B16.5

Dimension [mm]	а	b	С	d	е	f	g
DN40 PN40 Form C	50	4 x Ø 18	18	3	88	110	150
DN50 PN40 Form C	50	4 x Ø 18	20	3	102	125	165
DN80 PN40 Form C	50	8 x Ø 18	24	3	138	180	200
2" Class 150lb RF	50	4 x Ø 19.1	19.1	3.2	91.9	120.7	152.4
3" Class 150lb RF	50	8 x Ø 19,1	23.9	3.2	127	152.4	190.5

Flange connection acc. to DIN 2501 or ASME B16.5

Dimension [inch]	a	b	С	d	е	f	g
DN40 PN40 Form C	1.97	4 x Ø 0.71	0.71	0.12	3.46	4.33	5.91
DN50 PN40 Form C	1.97	4 x Ø 0.71	0.79	0.12	4.02	4.92	6.50
DN80 PN40 Form C	1.97	8 x Ø 0.71	0.95	0.12	5.43	6.30	7.87
2" Class 150lb RF	1.97	4 x Ø 0.75	0.75	0.13	3.62	4.75	6
3" Class 150lb RF	1.97	8 x Ø 0.75	0.94	0.13	5	6	7.50



INFORMATION!

For the version with a temperature range up to 150 °C / 302 °F the measure of length increases by 28 mm / 1.1".



INFORMATION!

For the version with "secondary process barrier" the measure of length increases by 17 mm / 0.67".



INFORMATION!

Other versions are available on request.

8.1 General description

The open HART® protocol, which can be used for free, is integrated into the signal converter for communication.

Devices which support the HART[®] protocol are classified as either operating devices or field devices. When it comes to operating devices (Master), both manual control units (Secondary Master) and PC-supported workstations (Primary Master) are used in, for example, a control centre.

HART[®] field devices include measuring sensors, signal converters and actuators. The field devices range from 2-wire to intrinsically safe versions for use in hazardous areas.

The HART[®] data are superimposed over the analogue 4...20 mA signal via FSK modem. This way, all of the connected devices can communicate digitally with one another via the HART[®] protocol while simultaneously transmitting the analogue signals.

When it comes to the field devices and secondary masters, the FSK or HART[®] modem is integrated. If a PC is used, an external modem must be connected to the serial interface (USB interface). There are, however, other connection variants which can be seen in the following connection figures.

8.2 Software history



INFORMATION!

In the table below, "x" is a placeholder for possible multi-digit alphanumeric combinations, depending on the available version.

Release date	SW version	HW version	HART [®]	
			Device Revision	DD Revision
2013-04-01	1.0.x	1.0.x	1	1

HART® identification codes and revision numbers

Manufacturer ID:	69 (0x45)
Device:	195 (0xC5)
Device Revision:	1
DD Revision:	1
HART [®] Universal Revision:	7
FC 475 system SW.Rev.:	≥ 3.7
PDM version:	≥ 8.0
FDT version:	≥ 1.2

8.3 Connection variants

The signal converter is a 2-wire device with a passive 4...20 mA current output and a HART® interface.

· Point-to-Point is supported

In conventional point-to-point operation, the signal converter communicates as a slave with the master

· Multidrop mode is supported

In a multidrop communication system, more than 2 devices are connected to a common transmission cable.

· Burst mode is not supported

In the burst operation a slave device transfers cyclic pre-defined response telegrams, to get a higher rate of data transfer.

There are two ways of using the HART® communication:

- as Point-to-Point connection and
- as multidrop connection, with 2-wire connection.

8.3.1 Point-to-Point connection - analogue / digital mode

Point-to-Point connection between the signal converter and the HART® Master.

The current output of the device is passive.

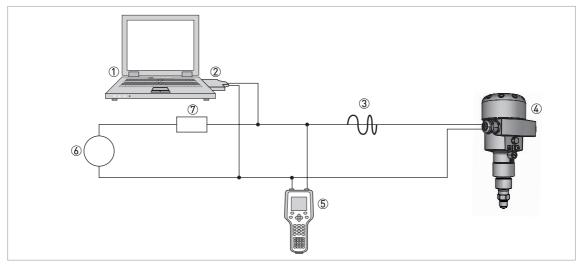


Figure 8-1: Point-to-Point connection

- ① Primary master with e.g. PACTwareTM FDT/DTM
- ② FSK modem
- 3 HART® signal
- 4 OPTIBAR PC 5060 C
- $\ensuremath{\mbox{\Large 5}}$ Secondary master with HART $\ensuremath{\mbox{\footnotesize PD}}$ DD
- ⑥ Power supply for devices (slaves) with passive current output
- \bigcirc Load $\geq 250 \Omega$ (Ohm)

8.4 Inputs/outputs and HART® dynamic variables and device variables

PV = Primary Variable; SV = Secondary Variable; TV = Third Variable; QV = Quarternary Variable

HART® dynamic variable					
PV	SV	TV	QV		
Linear percent value	Physical unit	Meas. cell temp.	Electronic temperature		

Table 8-1: HART® output values acc. to HART® 7 (factory setting)

8.5 Field Communicator 475 (FC 475)

The Field Communicator is a hand terminal from Emerson Process Management that is designed to configure HART[®] and Foundation Fieldbus devices. Device Descriptions (DDs) are used to integrate different devices into the Field Communicator.

8.5.1 Installation

The HART® Device Description for the signal converter must be installed on the Field Communicator. Otherwise only the functions of a generic DD are available to the user and the entire device control is not possible. A "Field Communicator Easy Upgrade Programming Utility" is required to install the DDs on the Field Communicator.

The Field Communicator must be equipped with a system card with "Easy Upgrade Option". For details consult the Field Communicator User's Manual.

8.5.2 Operation

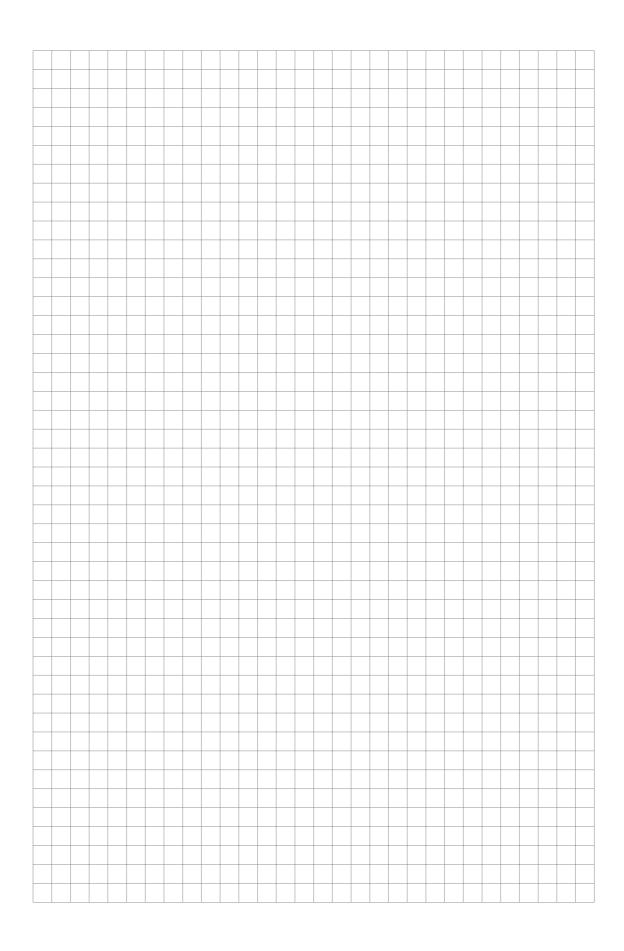
Operating the signal converter via the Field Communicator is very similar to manual device control using the keyboard.

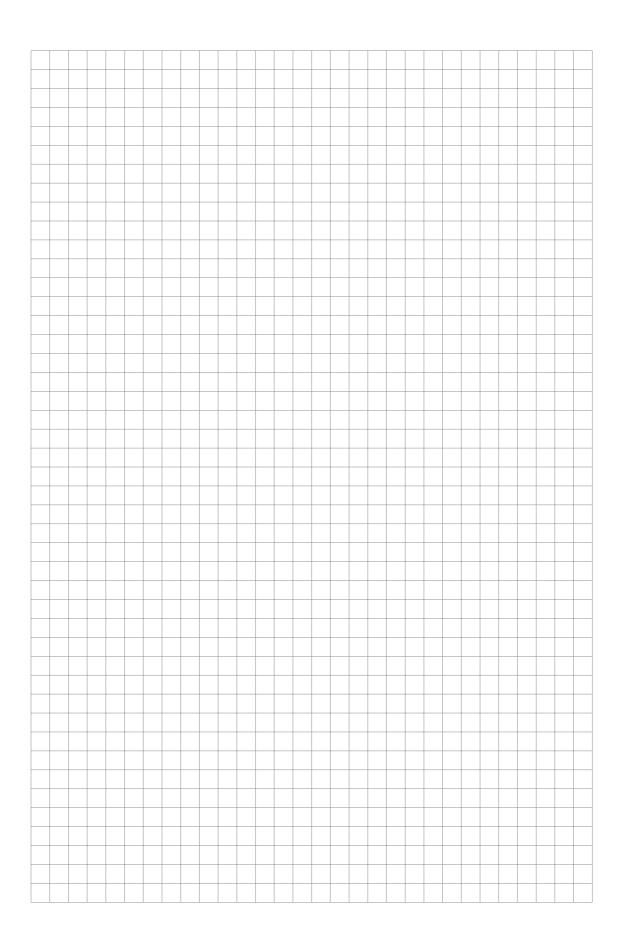
8.6 Field Device Tool / Device Type Manager (FDT / DTM)

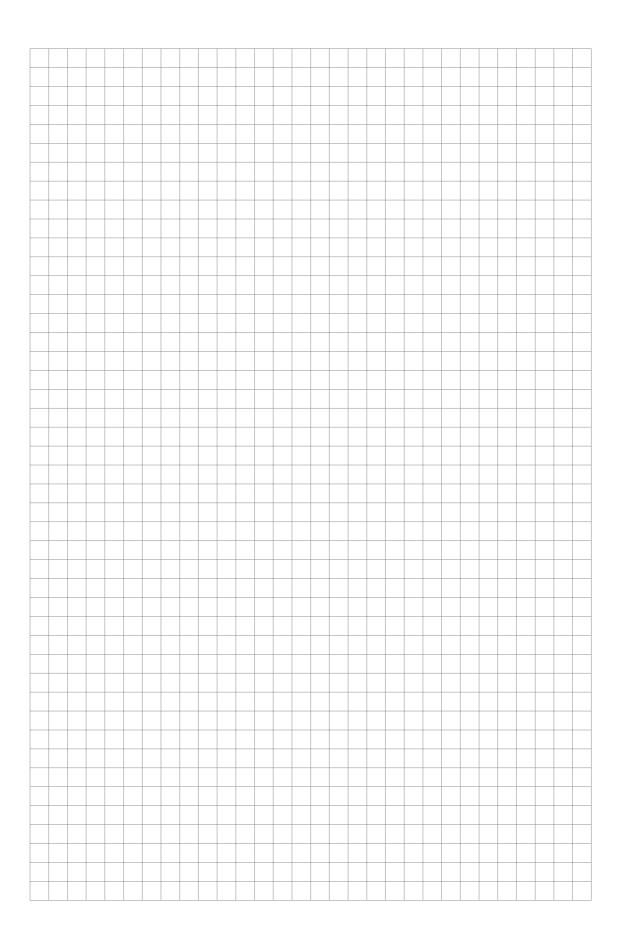
A Field Device Tool Container (FDT Container) is basically a PC program used to configure a field device via HART[®]. To adapt to different devices, the FDT container uses a so-called Device Type Manager (DTM).

8.6.1 Installation

If the DTM for the signal converter has not yet been installed on the FDT Container, setup is required and is available for download from the website or on CD-ROM. See the supplied documentation for information on how to install and set up the DTM.









KROHNE product overview

- Electromagnetic flowmeters
- Variable area flowmeters
- Ultrasonic flowmeters
- Mass flowmeters
- Vortex flowmeters
- Flow controllers
- Level meters
- Temperature assemblies
- Pressure transmitters
- Analysis products
- Products and systems for the oil & gas industry
- Measuring systems for the marine industry

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